Western Region San Jose National Little League



"Where Safety Comes First"
San Jose National Little League
2025 Safety Plan

League ID #: 4055902

Safety Mission Statement

San Jose National Little League (SJNLL) is a non-profit organization run by volunteers whose mission is to provide an opportunity for our community's children to learn the game of baseball in a safe and friendly environment.

2025 Board of Directors

Requirement 1:

2025 Board List

Name	Title	Email	Phone #
Christina Pando	President Elect	president@sjnll.org	(408) 707-0462
Kyle Magazu	Vice President Elect	vicepresident@sjnll.org	(408) 592-3752
Julia Kaapcke	Secretary	secretary@sjnll.org	(510) 579-1999
OPEN	Treasurer	treasurer@sjnll.org	
Ron Buencamino	Information Officer & Webmaster	informationofficer@sjnll.org	(415) 203-8247
Julia Kaapcke	Player Agent	playeragent@sjnll.org	(510) 579-1999
Leah Fisher	Registration	registration@sjnll.org	(408) 439-0419
Sonia	Challenger	sggonzalez@sbcglobal.net	
Rich Valencia	Field Scheduling Coordinator		
Jaime Hara	Equiptment & Inventory	equipment@sjnll.org	(415) 678-8368
Christina Pando	Communications	communications@sjnll.org	
Hanh Le	Volunteer Coordinator	volunteer@sjnllorg	(408) 726-5203
Stormi Gessell	Team Parent Coordinator	teams@sjnll.org	(408) 644-2736
OPEN	Special Events		
Bob Heinrich	Safety Officer	safety@sjnll.org	(408) 594-0429
Jose Martinez	Coaching Coordinator	coaching@sjnll.org	(408) 592-4002
OPEN	UIC		
Joy Ornellas	Sponsorship & Fundraising	fundraising@sjnll.org, sponsorship@sjnll.or	(415) 404-5585

Stacy Dickinson	Snack Shack Coordinator	snackshack@sjnll.org	(408) 421-0376
Jamie Hara	Uniform Coordinator		(415) 678-8368
Jamie Hara	Trophy Coordinator		(415) 678-8368
OPEN	Division Coordinator		
OPEN	Tournament Coordinator		

Distribution of Safety Manual

Requirement 2:

San Jose National Little League will publish and distribute a copy to all board members, teams, coaches and other key volunteers. A copy to be kept in the league file, in the concession stand and copies will be made available to anyone who requests a copy. A copy sent to District 59 and another sent to Little League International.

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS

Requirement 3:

Police/Fire/Medical Emergencies 911 or (408) 277-8911 Non-Emergency 311 or (408) 277-8900

Santa Clara County Health District https://publichealth.sccgov.org/home

Animal Control (408) 794-7297 City of San Jose (408) 535-3500

The Safety Officer for San Jose National Little League is Bob Heinrich. Please notify them at safety@sinll.org

Additionally, contact the following personnel:

League President: Christina Pando

• League Vice President: Kyle

The procedure for an incident / accident requires the following steps to be taken:

- 1. Get player proper medical attention required for incident/accident
- 2. Incident report to be filled out by the manager/coach and sent to the league safety officer within 48 hours.
- 3. Safety Officer to review the incident report with the Manager/Coach for correctness and all information included.
- 4. The Safety Officer needs to call / follow up with the player's parent(s) within a couple of days.
- 5. This process should be repeated until the player is fully healed.
- 6. A determination is then made whether the player can return to the team.
- 7. If further medical attention is needed the Safety Officer is to help with whatever is needed.

NEIGHBORING HOSPITALS

NAME: Regional Medical Center of San Jose

ADDRESS: 225 N Jackson Ave, San Jose Ca 95116

PHONE NUMBER: (408) 259-5000

NAME: Kaiser Hospital

ADDRESS: 250 Hospital Parkway, San Jose Ca 95119

PHONE NUMBER: (408) 972-6335

NAME: O'Connor Hospital

ADDRESS: 2105 Forest Ave, San Jose Ca PHONE NUMBER: (408) 947-2500

NAME: Santa Clara Valley Medical Center

ADDRESS:751 Bascom Ave, San Jose Ca 95128

PHONE NUMBER: (408) 885-5000

Requirement 3: COVID-19 Guidelines

Note that the following is intended to ensure San Jose National Little League's compliance with Federal, State and County health guidelines regarding the mitigation of spread of the novel coronavirus (COVID 19). Pursuant to the Santa Clara County Emergency Operations Center, Santa Clara County is aligned with the State on all guidance for youth. Should those guidelines change after the publishing of the following League guidelines, the Federal, State and County health directives will take precedence over the following:

Self-Monitoring and Quarantine/Isolation

All individuals should measure their body temperature to ensure that no fever is present prior to participating or attending each Little League activity. Anyone with symptoms of fever, cough, or worsening respiratory symptoms, or any known exposure to, or close contact with, a person with COVID-19 should not attend any Little League activity. For information regarding the definition of "known exposure" or "close contact", please consult the Centers for Disease Control at www.cdc.gov.

If your child has been exposed to an individual diagnosed with COVID-19, your child may continue to participate in Little League activities regardless of vaccination status, with NO symptoms and they should get tested for COVID-19 on Day 3-5 UNLESS they had COVID-19 within the past 90 days (3 months). If they start to feel sick or show symptoms, they should get tested right away, even if they had COVID-19 before. They should wear a mask for the next 10 days. Since they may have been exposed to someone with COVID-19, there is a chance they could have been infected and possibly spread COVID-19.

Wash your hands and/or sanitize thoroughly and often. Watch your distance.

Facility, Fan, and Administrative Guidance

It is the responsibility of both teams to clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces daily and in between all facility uses, including practices and games. Family and friends should refrain from entering dugouts. All spectators should adhere to the self-monitoring guidance above.

These guidelines are subject to change.

STAY SAFE ON AND OFF THE FIELD



Stay home if you are sick.



Bring your own equipment and gear (if possible)



Cover your coughs and sneezes with a tissue or your elbow.



Wash your hands or use sanitizer before and after events and sharing equipment.



Tell a coach or staff member if you don't feel well.





cdc.gov/coronavirus

DO choose masks that



Have two or more layers of washable, breathable fabric



Completely cover your nose, mouth, and chin.



Fit snugly against the sides of your face and don't have gaps

DO NOT choose masks that



Are made of fabric that makes it hard to breathe, for example, vinyl



Have exhalation valves or vents which allow virus particles to escape



Not recommended: Evaluation of face shields is ongoing, but effectiveness is unknown at this time.

Background Checks and Fingerprinting

Requirement 4:

Little League International has established criteria for each chartered league's performance of an investigation into the background of all individuals who volunteer in any capacity. Each volunteer will be required to complete a volunteer application from and provide a copy of their government issued photo identification. The minimum requirement for these background investigations is verification that volunteers are not registered sex offenders. To provide additional protection to the children we will submit a list of all volunteers to JDP. A background investigation that will list any convictions nationwide will be completed. Upon clearance of individual background investigations all volunteers will be notified by The Board of Directors. As of 1/1/2024, Fingerprinting is also required by CA law.

https://www.littleleague.org/videos/resource-guide-quick-tip-background-checks/

	eer Application – 2023 paper to complete if additional space is required.
This volunteer application should only be used if a league is manually entering information into JDP or an outside background check provider that meets the standards of Little League Regulations 1(c)9. THIS FORM SHOULD NOT BE COMPLETED IF A LEAGUE IS UTILIZING THE JDP QUICKAPP. Visit Little League.org/localBotheck for more information. A COPY OF VALID GOVERNMENT ISSUED PHOTO IDENTIFICATION MUST BE ATTACHED TO COMPLETE THIS APPLICATION. All RED fields are required. Name Date Date CITY COMPLETED IN MIDDLE ADDRESS Date State Zip Social Security # (mandatory)	7. Have you ever been refused participation in any other youth programs and/or listed on any youth organization ineligible list? If yes, explain: (If volunteer answered yes to Question 7, the local league must contact Little League International.) In which of the following would you like to participate? (Checkone or more.) League Official Umpire Manager Concession Stand Coach Field Maintenance Scorekeeper Other Please list three references, at least one of which has knowledge of your participation as a volunteer in a youth program: Name/Phone
Cell Phone Business Phone Home Phone: E-mail Address: Date of Birth Occupation Employer Address Special professional training, skills, hobbies: Community affiliations (Clubs, Service Organizations, etc.):	IFYOULIVE IN A STATE THAT REQUIRES A SEPARATE BACKGROUND CHECK BY LAW, PLEASE ATTACH A COPY OF THAT STATE'S BACKGROUND CHECK. FOR MORE INFORMATION ON STATE LAWS, VISIT OUR WEBSITE: Initializague and place and the state of the late league of the late league of the control of the late league of the late league, title league Baseball, Incorporated, the officers, employees and value thereof, or any other person or againstation that may provide such information. I also understand that regardless of previous appointments, title league is not obligated to appoint met to a volunteers patient. Il appointment is understand that, prior to the expiration of my term, I am abject to suppersion by the President and removal by the Board of Directors for violation of Life league policies or principles.
Previous valunteer experience (including baseball/softball and year): 1. Do you have children in the program? If yes, list full name and what level?	Applicant Signature
2. Special Certification (CPR, Medical, etc.)? If yes, list: Yes No 3. Do you have a valid driver's license? Yes No Driver's License#: State	NOTE: The local Little League and Little League Baseball, Incorporated will not discriminate against any person on the basis of race, creed, color, national origin, marital status, gender, sexual orientation or disability. LOCAL LEAGUE USE ONLY:
4. Have you ever been charged with, convicted of, plead no contest, or guilty to any crime(s) involving or against a minor, or of a sexual nature? If yes, describe each in full: (If volunteer answered yes to Question 4, the local league must contact Little League International.) 5. Have you ever been convicted of or plead no contest or guilty to any crime(s)? If yes, describe each in full: (Answering yes to Question 5, does not automatically disqualify you as a volunteer.) 6. Do you have any criminal charges pending against you regarding any crime(s)? Yes No If yes, describe each in full: (Answering yes to Question 6, does not automatically disqualify you as a volunteer.)	Background check completed by league officer on System(s) used for background check (minimum of one must be checked): Review the Little League Regulation 1 (c)(9) for all background check requirements DIP (Includes review of the U.S. Center of SacRsport's Centralized Discplinary Database and Little League International Ineligible/Suspended List)* National Criminal Database check

Requirement 5:

As part of the continued evolution of the <u>Little League Child Protection Program</u> and our new requirement for all volunteers to complete Abuse Awareness training on an annual basis, the instructions below on how to link your account to their local league and complete the Abuse Awareness for Adults course.

Directions for Abuse Awareness for Adults Course Completion--LITTLE LEAGUE:

- 1. Create an Account or Sign in to <u>USABDevelops.com</u>
 - Go to <u>USABDevelops.com</u> or download the <u>USA Baseball app in the Apple App</u> Store or <u>Google Play</u>.
 - Click "Sign in/Register"
 - Enter all required information
 - Select your league from the "Little League Local Leagues" drop-down menu and click "+Join"
 - If you have an existing account, click your name in the top right corner, select MY ACCOUNT, and then UPDATE MY PROFILE to link your account with your local Little League.

2. Complete Abuse Awareness for Adults course*

- Click EDUCATION
- Select COURSES
- Click "Abuse Awareness for Adults" → "+Enroll" → "Go to Course"
- Complete the course

*If you have completed the Abuse Awareness for Adults course in the past and need an updated certificate, please select the Restart Course button.

- Click your name in the top right corner and select MY ACCOUNT
- Select COURSES
- Scroll to the Abuse Awareness for Adults course and click RESTART COURSE

3. Download Certificate

- Click your name in the top right corner and select MY ACCOUNT
- Select COURSES
- Scroll to the Abuse Awareness for Adults course and click DOWNLOAD CERTIFICATE

League Training Dates and Times

Requirement 6:	Date	Location	Time
Coach Fundamental Training:	TBD	TBD	TBD
Requirement 7:	Date	Location	Time
Safety Manual & First-Aid Training:	TBD	TBD	TBD
Requirement 8:	Date	Location	Time
CPR Training (at least 1 coach/team):	TBD	TBD	TBD

Each team will receive a paper copy of this safety manual. Managers and or Team Safety Officers should have a copy of the safety manual at all league functions.

Medical Release Form

- All Players are required to have Medical Release Form
- Bring these forms to every practice and game
- Make sure emergency contact information is filled out
- Be aware of any allergies of other conditions
- It's always a good idea to know who

₩ м	de League, Baseball a EDICAL RE	LEAS	
	TE: To be carried by any Regular Seasor r together with team roster or Internat		
Player:	Date of Birth:	Gend	er (M/F):
Parent (s)/Guardian Name:	R	elationship:	
Parent (s)/Guardian Name:	R	elationship:	
Player's Address:	City:	State	/Country:Zip:
Home Phone:	Work Phone:	Mobile Ph	one:
PARENT OR GUARDIAN AUTHORI	ZATION:		
In case of emergency, if family physi Emergency Personnel. (i.e. EMT, Firs	cian cannot be reached, I hereby author t Responder, E.R. Physician)	orize my child to	be treated by Certified
Family Physician:	P	hone:	
Address:		State	/Country:
Hospital Preference:			
	Policy No.:		
League Insurance Co:	Policy No.:	Leagu	e/Group ID#:
If parent(s)/guardian cannot be rea	ched in case of emergency, contact:		
Name	Phone	Re	elationship to Player
Name	Phone	Re	elationship to Player
Please list any allergies/medical proble	ems, including those requiring maintenance	e medication. (i.e.	Diabetic, Asthma, Seizure Disorder)
Medical Diagnosis	Medication	Dosage	Frequency of Dosage
Date of last Tetanus Toxoid Booster:			
	to ensure that medical personnel have details of a	ny medical problem w	hich may interfere with or alter treatment.
Mr./Mrs./MsAuthorized Parent	/Guardian Signature		Date:
FOR LEAGUE USE ONLY:			
League Name:	Le .	ague ID:	
Division:	Team:		Date:

Field Inspections and Storage Procedures

Requirement 9:

BERORE THE SEASON STARTS

- ✓ Familiarize yourself with the safety materials.
- ✓ Appoint a Safety Parent for your team. They need to be at all the games and have a cellular phone. It can be an Assistant Coach

PRIOR TO EACH GAME

- ✓ Complete a field safety checklist. Report any problems to your Commissioner. Or to the League Safety Officer.
- ✓ Check the team equipment for any problems. Report any equipment problems to the Equipment Manager.
- ✓ Check the contents in your team's first aid kit. Contact the League Safety Officer for any items that need to be replaced.

STORAGE SHED

The following applies to the entire storage shed used by the League and applies to anyone who has been issued a key to use those sheds.

- ✓ All individuals are aware of their responsibility for the orderly and safe storage of rakes, shovels, and bases.
- ✓ Before you use any equipment located in the shed (lights, scoreboards, etc.) please read the written operating procedures for that equipment.
- ✓ All chemicals or organic materials stored in the sheds shall be properly marked and labeled as to its contents.
- ✓ Any witnessed "loose" chemicals or organic materials within these sheds should be cleaned up and disposed of as soon as possible to prevent accidental poisoning.

PRE-GAME FIELD INSPECTION CHECK LIST

MANAGERS NAME:

FIELD:

DATE: Time:

Field Condition	Yes	No	Catchers Equipment	Yes	No
Backstop Intact			Hockey Catchers Helmet		
Home Plate Intact			Dangling Throat Guard		
Bases Secure			Helmets		
Pitcher's Mound Safe			Catcher's Mitt		
Batter Box Lined/Level			Chest Protector		
Infield Fence Repair			Shin guards		
Outfield Fence Repair			Dugouts	Yes	No
Foul Lines Marked			Fencing Needs Repair		
Infield Need Repairs			Bench Needs Repair		
Outfield Need Repairs			Trash Cans		
Warning Track			Clean Up Is Needed		
Coaches boxes Lined					
Free Of Foreign Objects			Spectator Area	Yes	No
Grass Surface Even			Bleachers Need Repair		
			Protective Screens Ok		
Player Equipment	Yes	No	Bleachers Clean		
Batting Helmets			Parking Area Safe		
Jewelry Removed			Safety Equipment	Yes	No

Shoes/Bats Inspected	First-aid Kit Each Team
Face Mask (Minor/Mjrs)	Medical Release Forms
Proper Cleats	Ice Pack/Ice
Athletic Cups (boys)	Safety Manual
Full Uniform	Injury Report Forms
Bats Meet Standards	Drinking Water

REPORT ANY PROBLEMS TO YOUR COMMISSIONER OR SAFETY OFFICER. Turn this form into the concession stand or to your division representative.

Requirement 10:

Annual Little League Facility Survey will be submitted in the Data Center.

Concession Stand Guidelines

Requirement 11:

Every worker must be instructed on these guidelines before they can work.

Wash your hands regularly:

- Use soap and warm water.
- Rub your hands vigorously as you wash them.
- Wash all surfaces including the backs of hands, wrists, between fingers and under fingernails.
- Rinse hands well.
- Dry hands well.
- Dry hands with paper towels.
- Turn off water using a paper towel, instead of your bare hands.

Wash your hands in this fashion before you begin work and especially after performing any of these activities:

- After touching bare human body parts other than clean hands and clean exposed portions of arms.
- After using restrooms.
- After caring for or handling animals.
- After coughing, sneezing, using a handkerchief or disposable tissue.
- After touching soiled surfaces.
- After drinking, using tobacco, or eating.
- During food preparation.

- When switching from raw to ready to eat foods.
- After engaging in activities that contaminate hands.

Basic Rules:

- 1. Menu... smaller is better. No salads cut up fruit or vegetables, no food prepared at home.
- 2. Cook food thoroughly. Use a meat thermometer. Keep hotdogs and burgers at 41 degrees when cold and cook to 155 degrees or above when hot.
- 3. Rapidly reheat foods to 165 degrees. Slow cooking devices may activate bacteria and never reach killing temperatures.
- 4. All foods that require refrigeration must be cooled to 41 degrees F. as quickly as possible and held there until ready to use. To cool foods quickly, use the ice water bath (60% ice and 40% water), stirring the product frequently, or place their food in shallow pans no more than 4 inches in depth and refrigerate. Pans should not be stored one a top of the other and lids should be off or afar until the food is completely cooled. Check the temperature periodically to see if the food is cooling properly. DO NOT LEAVE FOOD OUT AT ALL!!
- 5. FREQUENT AND THOROUGH HANDWASHING IS REQUIRED.
- 6. Only healthy people should prepare and serve food. Anyone with any symptoms of disease (cramps, nausea, fever, vomiting, diarrhea, cough etc.) or who has open sores or infected cuts on the hands should not be allowed in the food concession area. Workers' clothes should be clean, and they should not smoke in the concession area. Hair restraints are recommended.
- 7. Food handling: Avoid hand contact with raw food, ready-to-eat foods and food contact surfaces. Use a utensil and/or glove.
- 8. Use disposable utensils for food service. Keep your hands away from food contact surfaces and never reuse disposable dishware. Ideally utensils should be washed in a four-step method: (1) Hot soapy water, (2) Rinsing in clean water, (3) Chemical or heat sanitizing, (4) Air drying.
- 9. Ice that is used to cool cans/bottles should not be used in cup beverages. And should be stored separately. Use scoop to dispense ice, never use hands.
- 10. Wiping cloths should be rinsed and stored in a bucket sanitizer. (1-gallon water and ½ tsp. chlorine bleach. Change the solution every 2 hours.
- 11. Insect control and waste. Keep foods covered to protect from insects. Store pesticides away from food. Place garbage and paper waste in a refuse container with a lid that fits tightly. Dispose of all water in the restrooms, do not pour outside. All water that is used should be potable from and approved source.
- 12. Keep food stored off the floor at least 6 inches. After your event is finished, clean the concession area and discard any unusable food. Do not save food for reheating.

THE TOP SIX CAUSES FOR ILLNESS

- 1. Inadequate cooling and cold holding.
- 2. Preparing food too far in advance of service.
- 3. Poor personal hygiene and infected personnel.
- 4. Inadequate reheating.
- 5. Inadequate hot holding.
- 6. Contaminated raw foods and ingredients.

Concession Stand Tips

Requirement 9 12 Steps to Safe and Sanitary

Food Service Events: The following information is intended to help you run a healthful concession stand. Following these simple guidelines will help minimize the risk of foodborne illness. This information was provided by District Administrator George Glick, and is excerpted from "Food Safety Hints" by the Fort Wayne-Allen County, Ind., Department of Health.

1. Menu

Keep your menu simple, and keep potentially hazardous foods (meats, eggs, dairy products, protein salads, cut fruits and vegetables, etc.) to a minimum. Avoid using precooked foods or leftovers. Use only foods from approved sources, avoiding foods that have been prepared at home. Complete control over our food, from source to service, is the key to safe, sanitary food service.

2. Cooking.

Use a food thermometer to check on cooking and holding temperatures of potentially hazardous foods. All tentially hazardous foods should be kept at 41° F or below (if cold) or 140° F or above (if hot). Ground beef and ground pork products should be cooked to an internal temperature of 155° F, poultry parts should be cooked to 165° F. Most foodbome illnesses from temporary events can be traced back to lapses in temperature control

3 Reheating

Rapidly reheat potentially hazardous foods to 165° F. Do not attempt to heat foods in crock pots, steam tables, over sterno units or other holding devices.

Slow-cooking mechanisms may activate bacteria and never reach killing temperatures.

4. Cooling and Cold Storage

Foods that require refrigeration must be cooled to 41° F as quickly as possible and held at that temperature until ready to serve. To cool foods down quickly, use an ice water bath (60% ice to 40% water), stirring the product frequently, or place the food in shallow pans no more than 4 inches in depth and refrigerate. Pans should not be stored one atop the other and lids should be off or ajar until the food is completely cooled. Check temperature periodically to see if the food is cooling properly. Allowing hazardous foods to remain unrefrigerated for too long has been the number ONE cause of foodborne illness.

5. Hand Washing

Frequent and thorough hand washing remains the first line of defense in preventing foodborne disease. The use of disposable gloves can provide an additional barrier to contamination, but they are no substitute for hand washing!

6. Health and Hygiene.

Only healthy workers should prepare and serve food. Anyone who shows symptoms of disease (cramps, nausea, fever, vomiting, diarrhea, jaundice, etc.) or who has open sores or infected cuts on the hands should not be allowed in the food concession area. Workers should wear clean outer garments and should not smoke in the concession area. The use of hair restraints is recommended to prevent hair ending up in food products

7. Food Handling.

Avoid hand contact with raw, readyto-eat foods and food contact surfaces to serve food. Touching food with bare

8. Dishwashing

Use disposable utensils for food service. Keep your hands away from food contact surfaces, and never reuse disposable dishware. Wash in a four-step process:

- 1. Washing in hot soapy water,
- Rinsing in clean water,
 Chemical or heat sanitizing, and 4. Air drying.

Ice used to cool cans bottles should not be used in cup beverages and should be stored separately. Use a scoop to dispense ice, never use the hands. Ice can become contaminated with bacteria and viruses and cause foodborne illness.

10. Wiping Cloths.

Rinse and store your wiping cloths in a bucket of sanitizer (example: 1 gallon of water and 1/2 teaspoon of chlorine bleach). Change the solution every two hours. Well sanitized work surfaces prevent cross-contamination and discourage flies.

11 Insect Control and Waste.

Keep foods covered to protect them. from insects. Store pesticides away from foods. Place garbage and paper wastes in a refuse container with a tight-fitting lid. Dispose of wastewater in an approved method (do not dump it outside). All water used should be potable water from an approved source

12. Food Storage and Cleanliness.

Keep foods stored off the floor at least six inches. After your event is finished, clean the concession area and discard unusable food.

 Set a Minimum Worker Age.
 Leagues should set a minimum age for workers or to be in the stand, in many states this is 16 or 18, due to potential hazards with various equipment.

Safety plans must be postmarked no later than May 1st.

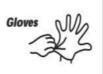
Volunteers Must Wash Hands











WHEN

Wash your hands before you prepare food or as often as needed.

Wash after you:

- use the toilet
- ▶ touch uncooked meat, poultry, fish or eggs or other potentially hazardous foods
- interrupt working with food (such as answering the phone, opening a door or drawer
- eat, smoke or chew gum
- ► touch soiled plates, utensils or equipment
- ▶ take out trash
- ► touch your nose, mouth, or any part of your body
- sneeze or cough

Do not touch ready-to-eat foods with your bare hands.

Use gloves, tongs, deli tissue or other serving utensils. Remove all jewelry, nail polish or false nails unless you wear gloves.

Wear gloves.

when you have a cut or sore on your hand when you can't remove your jew

If you wear gloves:

wash your hands before you put on new gloves

Change them:

- as often as you wash your hands
- when they are torn or soiled



4 January-February 2004

Inspection of Equipment

Requirement 12:

- This Little League requires regular inspection of playing equipment.
- Unsafe equipment should not be given in team equipment bags.
- Manager's Coaches and Umpires are required to inspect equipment prior to each use.
- Bad equipment will be logged and will be removed and destroyed.

AT EACH GAME AND PRACTICE PLEASE REMEMBER TO:

- 1. Walk the field and check for debris/foreign objects
- 2. Inspect helmets, bats, catcher's gear
- 3. Make sure First Aid Kit is available.
- 4. Check conditions of fences, backstops, bases and warning track
- 5. Make sure a working telephone is available
- 6. Have the players warm-up

Accident Reporting Procedure

Requirement 13:

What to Report: An incident that causes a Player, Manager, Coach or Umpire to receive medical treatment or first aid must be reported to The Safety Officer.

When to Report: All such incidents described above must be reported to the Safety Officer(s) within 24 to 48 hours of the incident.

Safety Officers:

president@sjnll.org safety@sjnll.org

How to Make a Report: Reporting incidents can come in a variety of forms. Most typically they are telephone conversations. At a minimum, the following information is needed.

- 1. The name and address of the injured person.
- 2. The date, time, and location of the incident.
- 3. As detailed of a description of the incident as possible.
- 4. The preliminary estimation of the extent of the injury.
- 5. The name and phone number of the person making the report.
- 6. Names and phone number of any witnesses.

In your safety packet you will find the injury report forms. If your Safety Parent is there, he/she can assist you in getting the front of the form filled out. Then a call is to be made to The Safety Officer reporting the incident within 48 hours. Little League insurance is a supplemental insurance to the insured's own insurance. There is a small deductible.

How to Replace the Injury Report Forms: The forms can be replaced by the Safety Officer or downloaded from www.littleleague.org found under forms and publications.

FIRST AID KITS

Requirement 14:

Each team is provided with a league issued first aid kit, there will be one in all Snack Shacks (with additional ice packs), there is one at each field inside the locked equipment box.

Each kit includes the following.

- (10) Adhesive sterile bandage
- (2) Extra-large adhesive sterile bandage
- (2) Non-adherent pads 2 x 3
- (2) Gauze pad 12-ply 3 x 3 sterile
- (1) Adhesive tape
- (2) Instant cold compress 4 x 4
- (3) Triple antibiotic ointment
- (3) Antiseptic towelette
- 1/8 oz. Burn Cream
- (3) Sting relief wipes
- (1) Tweezers

General First Aid

- Common types of sports injuries
 - -Ankle sprains
 - -abrasions
 - -cuts
 - -muscle fatigue, strain
- What to do
 - -R.I.C.E. (Rest, Ice, Compression, Elevate)
- What not to do

^{*}Inform the Safety Officer when stock is getting low

^{*}Make sure to bring bagged ice to each practice/game (possibly assign to the parent that brings the snacks)

- -Icy hot cream, etc
- Major Injuries
 - -Broken Bones, Concussions, etc
- What to do
 - when in doubt, have the player see a doctor
 - -If a player is seen by a doctor, he/she will need doctor's release to return to play
 - -Doctor's note will need to be filed with D59 accompanied with Incident/Injury Tracking Form
- How to report
 - -Report injuries to League President- JD Fangonilo (408-420-9845)
 - www.ell-baseball.com (anyone can report!)
 - -report within 24 hours
 - -2 forms:
 - 1. Incident/Injury Tracking (if first aid is used)
 - 2. Accident Notification (insurance claim form)- www.ell-baseball.com under "Safety Information"

Incident/Injury Tracking Report

A Safety Awareness Program's Activities/Reporting Incident/Injury Tracking Report League Name: ___ ______ League ID: ____ - ___ Incident Date: _____ Incident Time: _____ Fleid Name/Location: Injured Person's Name: _____ Date of Birth: ____ _____ Age: _____ Sex: 🗆 Male 🗆 Female Address: _____State _____ ZIP: _____ Home Phone: () _____ Parent's Name (If Player): ___ _____ Work Phone: () _____ Parents' Address (If Different): ___ _____ City __ Incident occurred while participating in: A.) Baseball □ Softball □ Challenger □ TAD B.) □ Challenger □ T-Ball (5-8) □ Minor (7-12) □ Major (9-12) □ Junior (13-14) ☐ Senior (14-16) ☐ Big League (16-18) □ Game □ Practice ☐ Tournament ☐ Special Event C.) Tryout Other (Describe): Travel to □ Travel from Position/Role of person(s) Involved in Incident: ☐ Baserunner ☐ Pitcher □ Catcher D.) Batter ☐ First Base □ Second □ Left Fleid ☐ Short Stop ☐ Center Fleid ☐ Right Fleid ☐ Dugout □ Third □ Coach/Manager □ Spectator □ Volunteer □ Umpire Other: Type of Injury: __ Was first aid required? Yes No If yes, what: Was professional medical treatment required? ☐ Yes ☐ No. If yes, what: (If yes, the player must present a non-restrictive medical release prior to to being allowed in a game or practice.) Type of incident and location: B.) Adjacent to Playing Field D.) Off Ball Field Base Path: □ Running or □ Silding □ Seating Area A.) On Primary Playing Field ☐ Hit by Ball: ☐ Pitched or ☐ Thrown or ☐ Batted □ Parking Area □ Car or □ Blke or □ Collision with: □ Player or □ Structure C.) Concession Area □ Walking ☐ Volunteer Worker □ Grounds Defect ☐ League Activity Other: ☐ Customer/Bystander ☐ Other: _____ Please give a short description of incident: _ Could this accident have been avoided? How: This form is for Little League purposes only, to report safety hazards, unsafe practices and/or to contribute positive ideas in order to improve league safety. When an accident occurs, obtain as much information as possible. For all claims or injuries which could become claims, please fill out and turn in the official Little League Baseball Accident Notification Form available from your league president and send to Little League Headquarters in Williamsport (Attention: Dan Kirby, Risk Management Department). Also, provide your District Safety Officer with a copy for District files. All personal injuries should be reported to Williamsport as soon as possible. Prepared By/Position: Phone Number: (____) _ Signature:

Keep track of injuries and look for patterns and ways to improve safe practices.

Insurance Claim Form

Accident & freeth (J.E.) 1. This form must be completed by parents (if claimant its under 18 years of age) and a lies Headquarters within 20 days after the accident. A photocopy of this form should be mad derial treatment must be rendered within 30 days of the Little League accident and diagnosis obcumentation related to claim for benefits are to be provided within 30 days after the a furnished laster than 12 months from the date the medical sepance was incurred. 3. When other insurance is present, parents or claimant must forward copies of the Euglian each change directly to Little League accident, even if the changes do not exceed 4. Policy provides benefits for eligible medical expenses incurred within 52 weeks of the a S. Limited defender medical claimation benefits may be valiable for necessary treatment incurrency provided to the league president, or contract Little League Leadquarters within the year 6. Accident Claim Form must be fully completed - including Social Secretify Number (SSN).	e and kept by the claimantiparent. Initial medical codes for medical services/supplies and/or other cidered date. In no event shall such proof be alton of Benefits or Notice Letter of Denial for the deductible of the primary insurance program. cident, subject to Excess Coverage and med after 52 weeks. Refer to insurance brochure of Injury.	confinement in state prison. For freedideatic of their Void Any person who Intownight, statement of callen constainin fact material thereto, commit frousand doilsrs and the sta For Residentic of Pennsyly of claim containing any mate thereto commits a fraudulen For Residentic of All Other Any person who Intownighly of the Committee of the Committee For Residentic of All Other Any person who Intownighly	resents a false or frau cond with the intent to d g any materially false is a fraudulent incura- issed value of the chain vanila: and with intent to defra- erially false information in insurance act, which estates: presents a false or frau quitty of a crime and m	iethaud any insurance company or other per- information, or concests for the purpose of in- ce act, which is a crime, and shall also be al- for each such violation, and any insurance company or other person- nor concests for the purpose of misleading, is is a crime and subjects such person to crim adulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit ay be subject to fines and confinement in pri	isleading, information concerning any subject to a civil penalty not to exceed the desired production for insurance or statement information concerning any fact material and and civil penalties. or knowingly presents false information in an oon.
		Name of League	PART 2 - LEA	GUE STATEMENT (Other than Parent or 0 I Name of Injured Person/Claimant	League I.D. Number
League Name	League LD.	realite of Ecogot		realized resolves man	Coague I.D. Harrise
PART 1		Name of League Official			Position in League
Name of Injured Person/Claimant SSN Date of Birth (rearrie or League Orrical			Position in Ceague
Name of ParentiGuardian. If Claimant is a Minor Home Phone	Inc. Area Code) Bus. Phone (Inc. Area Code)	Address of League Official			Telephone Numbers (Inc. Area Codes)
Name of Parenti Guardian, if Claimant is a Minor Home Phone I ()	Inc. Area Code) Bus. Prione (Inc. Area Code)	Address of League Official			Residence: ()
Address of Claimant Address of ParentiG	perion Edifferent				Business: () Fax: ()
Addition of the contract of th	Jardan, II dinerent				Pair. ()
		Were you a witness to the a		es ONo esses to the reported accident.	
TAD (2ND SEASON) LITTLE LEADUR(S+12) PLAYER AGENT TAD (2ND SEASON) LITTLE LEADUR(S+12) PROPERTY OF FIGURE JUNIOR (12-14) SAFETY OFFICER DEPORTED STATES OF THE PROPERTY OFFICER DEPORTED STATES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	through a school or insurance through an if YES, follow instruction 3 above. I'YES, Tollow Instruction 3 above. I'YES INO School Plan I'YES INO INSTRUCTION INST	Check the boxes for all app POSITION WHEN INJURE DI 18T DI	ED INJURY 2 01 ASE 0 02 SITE 0 03 CO 0 05 CO 0	ES 0 2 ANNALE VOUSISION 0 03 ARM VITUSION 0 04 BACK VITUSION 0 05 EVEN VITUSION 0 05 EVEN VITUSION 0 05 EVEN VITUSION 0 07 FACE VITUSION 0	COMUSE OF INJURY 0 11 SATTED SALL 0 22 SATTING 0 40 COLLIDING 0 55 COLLIDING WITH FENCE 0 55 FALLING 0 7 HIT SY SAT 10 81 HORSEPLAY 11 STANP OSSECT 12 SUDING 13 TAGGING 14 THROWN BALL 15 ONNOWN
Little League and/or National Union Fire insurance Company of Pitaburgh, Pa. A photostat as effective and valid as the original. Date Claimant/Parent/Guardian Signature (in a two parent household		time of the reported accider	tory or □O; ve named claimant wa	otional At what levels are they used? is injured while covered by the Little League	Baseball Accident Insurance Policy at the fication is true and correct as stated, to the
Date Claimanti Parenti Guardian Signature		best of my knowledge.			
		Date L	eague Official Signatu	re	

*Only use when filing insurance claim

Concussions

All 50 states have laws specific to the management of concussions and head injuries. Some states require not

just leagues but DA's, ADA's, and umpires to undergo annual training.

- Some states may affect only school-based activities, but many also address any group using school facilities or grounds for athletic purposes.
- Little League has developed a concussion overview page for each state that will be similar to the Child Abuse page.
- The CDC (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention) website is a great tool for leagues to encourage their managers/coaches, parents, and players to review concussion information www.cdc.gov/concussion/HeadsUp/youth.html Concussions
- DA's must also be aware of their state's respective laws, especially during any Special Games events or International Tournament games being hosted by the District.
- Failure to adhere to these laws could expose the District and/or host to unwanted liability and penalties Some states require that the participant and a parent/guardian must sign and acknowledge that they understand the risks of concussions before they can participate
- The majority of states also require immediate removal from competition if a person has sustained a concussion and that they cannot return until being released in writing by a medical professional.

www.cdc.gov/headsup



San Jose National Little League Concussion Prevention, Treatment and Management Policy

The Legislature enacted a law which requires youth sports organizations to adopt a policy concerning the prevention and treatment of injuries to the head which may occur during a youth's participation in competitive sports, including, without limitation, a concussion of the brain.

A concussion is a brain injury that results from a bump, blow or jolt to the head or body which causes the brain to move rapidly in the skull and which disrupts normal brain function. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the United States Department of Health and Human Services estimates that as many as 3.8 million concussions occur each year in the United States which are related to participation in sports and other recreational activities. Athletes who continue to participate in an athletic activity while suffering from a concussion or suffering from the symptoms of an injury to the head are at greater risk for catastrophic injury to the brain or even death. Ensuring that a Little League player who sustains or is suspected of sustaining a concussion or other injury to the head receives appropriate medical care before returning to baseball activity will significantly reduce the child's risk of sustaining greater injury in the future.

THEREFORE, **San Jose National Little League** hereby adopts the following policy for purposes of prevention, treatment, and management of injuries to the head that may occur during a player's participation in the Little League program, including, without limitation, a concussion of the brain:

- 1. Prior to a team's first practice each season, every manager, coach, and adult assistant shall:
- **a)** Familiarize themselves with the CDC publication "Heads Up Concussion in Youth Sports A Fact Sheet for Coaches". This publication will be provided to all such individuals by the League Safety Officer or other Board members; and,
- **b)** Complete the CDC on-line training course at: https://www.train.org/cdctrain/course/1089818/

A copy of the Certificate of Completion for each of the above individuals shall be submitted to the League Safety Officer.

- **2.** If a Little League player sustains, or is suspected of sustaining, an injury to the head while participating in any Little League game or even the player must:
- a. Be immediately removed from the game or event; and
- **b.** May only return to Little League activity if the parent or legal guardian of the player provides a signed statement from a provider of health care indicating that the youth is medically cleared for Little League participation and the date on which the player may return to participation.
- **3.** The Little League player and his or her parent or legal guardian must sign the statement below acknowledging that they have read and understand the terms and conditions of the policy and agree to be bound by the policy.

San Jose National Little League Concussion Prevention, Management and Treatment Policy

Collisions



Avoid Collisions on the Field

Whether between teammates or opposing players, baseball and softball are not contact sports. Make sure everyone understands who should make the play, and who should make way, to avoid collisions between players.

Call the Ball

Defensive players should be trained early to "call the ball" when going for a catch. Don't have two players collide because neither knew the other was trying to make the play. Fielders should be taught which player has priority for fly balls on the various areas of the field, unless called off by another player (i.e., on the third base side of the diamond, the shortstop has priority for fly balls, while on the first base side, the second baseman has priority, and outfielders generally should give ground to the center fielder).

Don't Obstruct Base Paths for Runners or Interfere with Fielders

Base runners and fielders: Only a player with the ball, or making a play on a batted ball should be in the base paths. Avoid injuries on the base paths. Avoid injuries on the base paths by making it clear to offensive players that runners must slide or avoid a fielder with the ball and a void a fielder making a play on a batted ball. For defensive players, tell them that fielders without the ball must vacate the base paths for runners.

Rule 7.08: "Any runner is out when – (a)(3) the runner does not slide or attempt to get around a fielder who has the ball and is waiting to make the tag; ... (b) intentionally interferes with a thrown ball; or hinders a fielder attempting to make a play on a batted ball (NOTE: A runner who is adjudged to have hindered a fielder who is attempting to make a play on a ball is out whether it was intentional or not)."

Rule 7.09: "It is interference by a batter or runner when – (f) the runner fails to avoid a fielder who is attempting to field a batted ball, or intentionally interferes with a thrown ball..."

2.00 - Definition of Terms OBSTRUCTION is the act of

a fielder who, while not in possession of the ball, impedes the progress of any runner. A fake tag is considered obstruction. (NOTE: Obstruction shall be called on a defensive player who blocks off a base, base line or home plate from a base runner while not in possession of the ball.)

A fielder without the ball should make way for the advancing base runner; a runner seeing a fielder with the ball must slide or avoid. Don't allow collisions on the base paths from overly-aggressive play.

May/June 2009 5

- Call the Ball!
- Don't obstruct base paths for runners or interfere with fielders

Bat Handling

Don't Swing It

...Until You're Up to the Plate!



DEMEMBED.

Don't pick up your bat until you leave the dugout, to approach the plate.

RULE 1.08, Notes

"1. The on-deck position is not permitted in Tee Ball, Minor League or Little League (Majors) Division. 2. Only the first batter of each half-inning will be allowed outside the dugout between the half-innings in Tee Ball, Minor League or Little League (Majors) Division."

- No practice swinging inside the dugout
- No on-deck circles in Majors and below

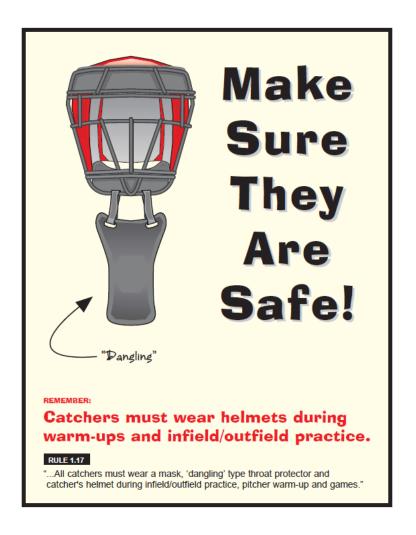
Dugout Safety



- Keep dugout opening clear, no standing or sitting
- Players, coaches only in dugout

Catcher Safety

- Catcher's Mitt Only
- Throat Protector Required
- Full set of gear the moment they squat down.



All-Player Safety

- No jewelry except Medical alerts
- Every players wears supporter/cup
- Use face shield/guard (required for Farm and under)
- Mouth guard encouraged

- Helmets for batter, runners, and player base coaches
- Majors & under-no metal spikes/cleats
- No horseplay-before, during or after game

Asthma

Asthma Emergency Signs

Seek Emergency Care If A Child Experiences Any Of The Following:

- Child's wheezing or coughing does not improve after taking medicine (15-20 minutes for most asthma medications)
- + Child's chest or neck is pulling in while struggling to breathe
- + Child has trouble walking or talking
- + Child stops playing and cannot start again
- + Child's fingernails and/or lips turn blue or gray
- + Skin between child's ribs sucks in when breathing

Asthma is different for every person.

The "Asthma Emergency Signs" above represent general emergency situations as per the National Asthma Education and Prevention Program 1997 Expert Panel Report.

If you are at all uncertain of what to do in case of a breathing emergency...

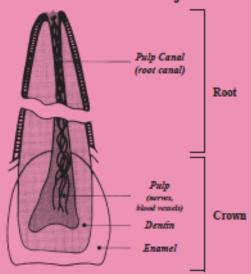
Call 9-1-1 and the child's parent/guardian!

Michigan Asthma Steering Committee of the Michigan Department of Community Health

(From the Grandville, Mich., Little League 2001 Safety Plan)

Dental Injuries

Emergency Treatment of Athletic Dental Injuries



Professionally-made, properly fitted Custom Mouthguards greatly reduce the risk and severity of mouth injuries. Mouthguards are recommended injury prevention equipment for all at-risk sports.

AVULSION (Entire Tooth Knocked Out)

- Avoid additional trauma to tooth while handling. Do Not handle tooth by the root. Do Not brush or scrub tooth. Do Not sterlize tooth.
- If debris is on tooth, gently rinse with water.
- If possible, reimplant and stabilize by biting. down gently on a towel or handkerchief. Do only If athlete is alert and conscious.
- If unable to reimplant: Best - Place tooth in Hank's Balanced Saline Solution, I.e. "Save-a-tooth." 2nd best - Place tooth in milk. Cold whole milk is best, followed by cold 2% mllk. 3rd best - Wrap tooth in saline-soaked gauze. 4th best - Place tooth under athlete's tongue. Do this ONLY if athlete is conscious and alert. 5th best - Place tooth in cup of water.
- Time is very important. Reimplantation within 30. minutes has the highest degree of success rate. TRANSPORT IMMEDIATELY TO DENTIST.

LUXATION (Tooth in Socket, But Wrong Position)

THREE POSITIONS

EXTRUDED TOOTH - Upper tooth hangs down and/or lower tooth raised up.

- 1. Reposition tooth in socket using firm finger
- 2. Stabilize tooth by gently biting on towel or handkerchief.
- 3. TRANSPORT IMMEDIATELY TO DENTIST.

LATERAL DISPLACEMENT - Tooth pushed back or pulled forward.

- Try to reposition tooth using finger pressure.
- Athlete may require local anesthetic to reposition tooth; if so, stabilize tooth by gently biting on towel or handkerchief.
- 3. TRANSPORT IMMEDIATELY TO DENTIST.

INTRUDED TOOTH - Tooth pushed into gum looks short.

- Do nothing avoid any repositioning of tooth.
 TRANSPORT IMMEDIATELY TO DENTIST.

FRACTURE (Broken Tooth)

- If tooth is totally broken in half, save the broken. portion and bring to the dental office as described under Avulsion, Item 4. Stabilize portion of tooth left in mouth by gently biting on towel or handkerchief to control bleeding.
- 2. Should extreme pain occur, limit contact with other teeth, air or tongue. Pulp nerve may be exposed, which is extremely painful to athlete.
- Save all fragments of fractured tooth as described. under Avulsion, Item 4.
- 4. IMMEDIATELY TRANSPORT PATIENT AND TOOTH FRAGMENTS TO DENTIST.

Academy for Sports Dentistry 875 North Michigan Ave. Suite 4040 Chicago, IL 60611-1901

> 1800-273-1788 1800-ASD-1788

The Academy for Sports Dentistry, a professional organization dedicated to the dental needs of athletes at risk to sports injuries, recommends that every sports medicine team include a dentist knowledgeable in

sports dentistry.

MOUTHGUARDS SHOULD NOT BE OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT

Abuse Awareness Training

The safety and well-being of all participants in the Little League® program continues to be paramount and this course is required to be completed by all volunteers each year.



The safety and well-being of all participants in the Little League® program continues to be paramount, and it is on all of us to do our part to provide a fun, memorable, and safe experience each year. With the requirement of all volunteers to complete Abuse Awareness training each year, we are proud to announce the launch of the new Little League Abuse Awareness Course.

This course, which serves as a replacement for the programs previously available through third-party organizations like USA Baseball, is custom to the Little League program and provides an easier learning experience for our volunteers. **Required to be completed by all volunteers each year,** this course is available as part of the training and education courses at <u>LittleLeague.org/Training</u>, making signing up for the course even easier for our volunteers.

- 1. Bleeding must be stopped, the open wound covered, and the uniform changed if there is blood on it before the athlete may continue.
- 2. Routinely use gloves to prevent mucous membrane exposure when contact with blood or other body fluids is anticipated (Provided in the first aid kit).
- 3. Immediately wash hands and other skin surfaces if contaminated with blood.
- 4. Clean all blood contaminated surfaces and equipment.
- 5. Managers, Coaches, and Volunteers with open wounds should refrain from all direct contact until the condition is resolved.
- 6. Follow accepted guidelines in the immediate control of bleeding and disposal when handling bloody dressings, mouth guards and other articles containing body fluids.

Enforcement of Little League Rules

Requirement 15:

- All volunteers must have a volunteer application filled out and on file with the Little League. Our league will provide annual background checks.
- No laminated bat shall be used... (rule 1.10)
- The traditional batting donut is not permissible... (rule 1.10)
- A pitcher shall not wear any items on his/her hands, wrists or arms which may be a distraction to the batter. White long sleeve shirts are not permitted... (rule 1.11)
- Pitcher shall not wear sweat bands on his/her wrists... (rule 1.15)
- Players must not wear jewelry... (rule 1.11)
- Catcher must wear a catcher's mitt... (rule 1.12)
- All batters must wear protective batting helmets, all helmets must bear the NOCAE stamp, No painting, or stickers on helmets... (rule 1.16)
- All male players must wear athletic supporters. Male catchers must wear the metal, fiber, or plastic type protective cup.
- Catching helmet must have the dangling type throat protector and catcher's helmet during infield/ outfield practice, pitcher warm-up and games.
- Skull caps are not permitted... (rule 1.17)
- Each team is allowed three coaches in the dugout...
- Managers or coaches may not warm up a pitcher at home plate or in the bull pen or elsewhere at any time... (rule 3.09)
- Coaches are encouraged to discourage "horseplay"
- No on deck batters are allowed in the Majors and below... (rule 1.08)

Inclement Weather

*At the first sound of thunder or visible lightning-CLEAR THE FIELD!

Consider the following facts:

- The average lightning stroke is 6-8 miles long.
- The average thunderstorm is 6-10 miles wide and travels about 25 miles an hour.
- On the average, thunder can only be heard over 3-4 miles, depending on humidity, terrain, and other factors. This means that by the time you hear the thunder, you are already in the risk area for lighting strikes.

Rule of Thumb: The ultimate truth about lighting is that it is unpredictable and cannot be prevented. Therefore, a manager or coach who feels threatened should contact the head umpire and recommend stopping play and clearing the field. In our league the umpire makes the decision as to whether play is stopped. Once play is stopped, take the kids to safety until play resumes or game is called.

<u>Where to Go?</u> No place is safe from lightning threat, but some places are safer than others. Constructed buildings are usually the safest. Most people will find shelter in a fully enclosed metal vehicle with the windows rolled up. If you are stranded in an open area, put your feet together, crouch down and put your hands over your ears to prevent eardrum damage.

<u>Where not to go?</u> Avoid high places and open fields, isolated trees, unprotected gazebos, rain or picnic shelters, dugouts, flagpoles, light poles, bleachers, metal fences and water.

First Aid for a Lightning Victim:

- Call 911 immediately.
- Typically, the lightning victim has similar symptoms as that of someone having a heart attack. Consider: will moving cause any more injury. If the victim is in a high-risk area, determine if movement is necessary. Lightning does strike twice in the same place. If you are not at risk, and moving is a viable option, you should move the victim.
- If the victim is not breathing, start mouth to mouth resuscitation. If it is decided to move the victim, give a few quick breaths prior to moving the victim.
- Determine if the victim has a pulse. If no pulse is detected, start cardiac compressions as well.

NOTE: CPR should only be administered by a person knowledgeable and trained in the technique.

Remember: Safety is everyone's job. Prevention is the key to reducing accidents to a minimum. Report all hazardous conditions to the Safety Officer or another Board Member immediately. Do not play on an unsafe field or with unsafe equipment. Check the teams' equipment prior to each use.

Hydration

Managers are required to bring water to each practice and game.

Players are encouraged to bring bottled water or sports drinks.

Tips to Prevent Heat Illness:

- Know that once you are thirsty you are already dehydrated.
- Drink before you become thirsty.
- Drink plenty of liquids like water, or sports drinks every 15 minutes.
- Water seems to be the preferred beverage. Water has many critical functions in the body that are important for performance; they include, carrying oxygen and nutrients to exercising muscles.
- Do not drink beverages with caffeine before practice or games. Caffeine can increase the rate of dehydration.
- Do not exercise vigorously during the hottest time of the day.
- Practice in the morning and during the latter part of the evening.
- Wear light color loose clothes.
- Use sunscreen to prevent sunburn.
- If you begin to feel faint or dizzy, stop your activity and cool off by sitting in the shade, air-conditioned car or use a wet rag to cool you off.

How is it treated?

Emergency medical treatment is necessary. If you think someone is suffering a heat stroke, call 911 or a doctor immediately. In the meantime, give first aid as follows:

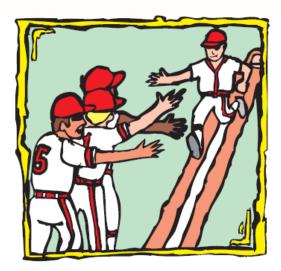
- Move the person to a shady area.
- Cover the person with a wet sheet and keep the sheet wet for cooling from evaporation.
- Fan the person with paper or an electric fan (preferably not cold air).
- Sponge down the body, especially the head, with cool water.
- Continue giving first aid until the body feels cool to the touch.
- If the person is conscious, let them sip water, electrolytes or fruit juice.



Team Conduct

- ✓ Make sure to have 2 coaches at each game and practice
- ✓ No players are ever to be left alone after a practice or game
- ✓ Manager does not leave the field until every player is accounted for
- Encourage good sportsmanship on and off the field
- ✓ Use clean language
- ✓ No tobacco, vaping, and alcoholic beverages

Keep It Clean!



REMEMBER:

Use good sportsmanship on the field, even to your language.

Regulation XIV - Field Decorum

- a) "The actions of players, managers, coaches, umpires and league officials must be above reproach \dots "
- b) "The use of tobacco and alcoholic beverages in any form is prohibited on the playing field, benches or dugouts."

Copy and post at dugouts.

Submitting Player, Manager and Coach Data

Requirement 16:

Player, Manager, and Coach information will be submitted through the Little League Data Center at www.littleleague.org by April 1, 2025 or two weeks following the draft.

The following is MANDATORY:

f

- 1). Certifications required for Managers, Coaches, Players, and Board Members:
 - a). First Aid/CPR/AED (\$) ----Multiple programs available. Use an internet search to locate a program, or have someone in the league that is a medical professional provide a class. (This is for coaches, managers, and board members). American Red Cross (https://www.redcross.org/take-a-class), or Advanced Medical Certification (https://advancedmedicalcertification.com/), are a couple of websites that can be used.
 - b). Concussion Certification (Free)----Required by State of California Law, for coaches, and managers. NHFS is a good site to use for this one: https://nfhslearn.com/courses. You can also use that link for the first aid (\$).
 - c). Diamond Leader Training (Free)---Required by Little League for all coaches and managers. Available at: https://www.littleleague.org/diamondleader/
 - d). Sudden Cardiac Arrest Prevention (Free)---Required by California Law for both coaches, managers, and players. Website is: https://epsavealife.org/courses/coach-training/
 - e). Abuse Awareness for Adults located at (Free): https://usabdevelops.com/my-account/certs.

These must be completed by:

- Managers, Coaches, Team Parents
- Board of Directors Members
- Any other person, volunteers and/or hired workers, who provide regular service to the league and/or have repetitive access to, or contact with players or teams.
- Keep for a minimum of 2 years after the volunteer is no longer a part of the league

Coach, Please Let Players Catch!



REMEMBER:

Coaches and managers must not warm up pitchers. Let Players Catch.

RULE 3.09

"...Managers or coaches must not warm up a pitcher at home plate or in the bull pen or elsewhere at any time. They may, however, stand to observe a pitcher during warm-up in the bull pen."

Requirement 17:
We will answer the survey questions in the Little League Data Center.

Player and Parental Acknowledgement

We, the undersigned, acknowledge that we have been provided with a copy of the San Jose National Little League Concussion Prevention, Management and Treatment Policy, and that we have read and understand the policy, or it has been read to us and we understand the same. We hereby agree to follow all procedures set forth in said Policy at all times during which our son or daughter participates in Little League activities and events.

Dated:	Player	
Dated:	Parent/Legal Guardian	
LEAGUE USE: Division:	Теат:	

Safe Sports Act

- "Protecting Young Victims from Sexual Abuse and SafeSport Authorization Act of 2017" became federal law in 2018
- The goal of SafeSport is to protect children from abusive situations by engaging more people in the reporting and education processes
- A volunteer now can be held legally responsible if they have firsthand knowledge and fail to report any type of Child Abuse to the correct parties
- SafeSport covers all types of Child Abuse both physical and psychological
- SafeSport prompted USA Baseball to create Pure Baseball

USA Baseball Pure Baseball Initiative

- Little League International and all local little league programs must adhere to the following requirements from the SafeSport Act:
- Reporting of Abuse involving a minor to the proper authorities
- All volunteers of a local league are now mandated reporters and could face criminal charges if the league chooses to ignore, or not report to the proper authorities, any witnessed act of child abuse, including sexual abuse, within 24 hours.
- Local leagues must be aware of the proper procedures to report any type of abuse in their state. Please reference www.LittleLeague.org/ChildAbuse
- Leagues must adopt a policy that prohibits retaliation for "good faith" reports of child abuse.
- Leagues must adopt a policy that limits one-one-one contact with minors.
- Leagues are highly encouraged to complete the Abuse Awareness training provided by USA Baseball and/or SafeSport.

https://www.littleleague.org/player-safety/child-protection-program/safesport-resources-parents/

https://www.usabdevelops.com/ItemDetail? iProductCode=OCAAA&Category=ONLINE&WebsiteKey=f50aacb2-a59e-4e43-8f67-29f48a308a9e



