



~~NATIONS~~ SPRING KLEIN YOUTH BASEBALL GUIDELINES & REGULATIONS

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The Internet version of these rules has priority at all times.

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I. THE PRIMARY GOAL

- A. The primary goal of Nations~~Spring Klein~~ Baseball is to organize and promote youth baseball at its best: to provide equal competition on an equal playing field. ~~Spring Klein Baseball is focused on player development and the promotion of player health.~~
- B. Spring Klein Baseball operates under the direction of an elected President of Baseball in conjunction with an appointed board of additional volunteers. These volunteers consist of 2 groups
- A) The "Baseball Executive Board" consists of the President – Baseball, Vice President of 5-8U baseball, Vice President of 9-14U Baseball. The Executive Director assists the board as needed.
- A)B) The "General Board" consists of the Executive Board along with the age group coordinators for each age group, and the volunteer responsible for equipment and uniforms and the coordinator of the Team Parents.

II. MEMBERSHIP

- ~~— A team must pay yearly membership dues in order to participate in Nations Baseball. Team insurance is included in the membership dues. The insurance covers the team in all events. Membership for Nations Baseball is August 1st—July 31st, with insurance included from either of the following date ranges:~~
- ~~— August 1st—July 31st~~
- ~~❖ January 1st—December 31st.~~
- ~~B. Nations Baseball sanctioned tournaments and leagues can qualify teams for State Championship, Regional Championship, and National Championship play.~~
- ~~B. Nations Baseball offers the following classes, which reflect levels of skill, and Nations Baseball determines the class for each team:~~
- ~~❖ Premier—Superior level of select play~~
- ~~❖ Elite—Advanced level of select play~~
- ~~❖ Select—Entry level of select play~~
- ~~❖ Metro—Recreational level of play; league teams~~

III.II. PLAYER REQUIREMENTS

- ~~B.~~ The season runs from August 1st – July 31st. In age divisions ~~15~~⁴ and below, the player's age on April 30th determines the player's eligible age division for the current season that includes April 30th. Players can play up an age division but can never play down.
- ~~C.~~ High school divisions have a grade exception rule based on one age up. For example, a 16-year old freshman can play in the 15U ~~Freshman age division~~ but not a 17-year old.

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~~D.C.~~ For high school divisions 15U—18U, participation is based on age and high school grade.

Example: Age is always first. 15U is 15U, but if you are a freshman and 16 years old, not 17 years old, you are eligible to play 15U—Freshman.

~~❖ 15U—HS Freshman/Sixteenth~~

~~❖ 16U—HS Sophomore/Seventeenth~~

~~❖ 17U—HS Junior/Eighteenth~~

~~❖ 18U—HS Senior/Nineteenth~~

~~L.~~ A player is eligible to compete in NationsSpring Klein Baseball as long as the player follows the “NationsSpring Klein Baseball Guidelines and Regulations.” The player’s full name must be registered through the SKSA registration system, listed as it appears on his or her government-issued birth certificate on the roster waiver and online roster. No nicknames, shortened names, or initials are allowed.

~~M.D.~~ The player remains listed on color coded in gray until approved by a parent or guardian to be on that team. Once a parent has approved the roster move, the player is color coded in red. Once a player has the proper paperwork sent to Nations Baseball and is accepted in the proper age division, the player is color coded in blue. The player cannot be protested for age in any Nations Baseball event once color coded in blue. This rule will be effective in the spring of 20101109.

~~N.E.~~ A player who is in violation of the “NationsSpring Klein Baseball Guidelines and Regulations” is considered an illegal player.

~~O.F.~~ If a player is found to be an illegal player and is discovered during a game or event, or after the event, the offending team can be ejected from the event and placed last in the standings with the team forfeiting all awards from the event. Other penalties can occur, may be penalized as deemed appropriate by the Spring Klein Board of Directors. Penalties may include suspension or dismissal from participation for any individual found to have violated the rules.

~~—~~ In age divisions 14 and under, all players that are color coded red on participating in Nations Baseball events must are required to have provide photocopies of their original government-issued birth certificate or other government issued identification that specifies birth date (such as passport) to in possession of the manager or team representative. Teams must ensure one of the following for every player participating in an event:

~~—~~ The player has a check mark in the BC column on the roster page of the Nations Baseball website, or

~~—~~ The team manager or representative possesses a photocopy of an original government issued birth certificate or other government issued identification that specifies birth date (such as passport). These documents must be with the team at the field for every participating player that does not have a check mark in the BC column.

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~~The penalty for not having government issued proof of age as specified above for a participating player is forfeit. Other penalties can occur, the coach or manager. Coaches must be able to present a government issued birth certificate or other government issued identification that specifies birth date upon request. Failure to present the document upon request will result in the immediate removal of the player from the game until the document can be provided.~~

~~— If the team is batting 9 with substitutes or 10 with an EH and substitutes, the team may replace the player with an eligible substitute with no penalty. Once the document is provided, if the player was a starter, he may re-enter the game as per substitution rules. If the player is listed as an eligible substitute and has not yet entered the game he will return as an eligible substitute. If the player was listed as a substitute and has already entered the game, he will be removed for the remainder of the game.~~

~~❖ If the team is batting the entire roster under rule IX.C.2, the player will be treated as an automatic out. Once the documents have been produced, the player may return to the lineup as if he had not been removed.~~

~~— In high school divisions 15U-18U, all players participating in Nations Baseball events must have are required to provide photocopies of their government issued birth certificate, other government issued identification showing birth date, or a photocopy of current report card in the possession of the to their manager or team representative. Teams must ensure one of the following for every player participating in an event:~~

~~— The player has a check mark in the BC column on the roster page of the Nations Baseball website, or~~

~~— The team manager or representative possesses a photocopy of an original government issued birth certificate, other government issued identification that specifies birth date (such as passport), or a photocopy of a current report card. These documents must be with the team at the field for every participating player that does not have a check mark in the BC column.~~

~~The penalty for not having government issued proof of age or report card as specified above for a participating player is forfeit. Other penalties can occur, coach or manager. Coaches must be able to present a government issued birth certificate or other government issued identification that specifies birth date upon request or a photocopy of a current report card. Failure to present the document upon request will result in the immediate removal of the player from the game until the document can be provided.~~

~~— If the team is batting 9 with substitutes or 10 with an EH and substitutes, the team may replace the player with an eligible substitute with no penalty. Once the document is provided, if the player was a starter, he may re-enter the game under rule IX.C.3. If the player is listed as an eligible substitute and has not yet entered the game he will return as an eligible substitute. If the player was listed as a substitute and has already entered the game, he will be removed for the remainder of the game.~~

~~— If the team is batting the entire roster under rule IX.C.2.c-d, the player will be treated as an automatic out. Once the documents have been produced, the player may return to the lineup as if he had not been removed.~~

~~R. If a player is not in compliance with Rule H or I, the player's team forfeits. Other penalties can occur.~~

~~S.G. A player can only participate on one team. The Baseball President may allow the use of a pickup player for teams that may be short players. Use of pickup players is only with prior approval of the Baseball President or his authorized representative per week or weekend. Players can play on multiple teams with a qualified roster, but not in the same age division be on multiple rosters but can only be on one qualified (frozen) roster per age division.~~

TEAM REQUIREMENTS

~~S. All rosters can consist of no more than 22 eligible players.~~

~~S. All players participating in any event (tournament or league) must be on the participating team's online roster at the time of the event. (See Rule IV D 3 for more information.)~~

~~S. The majority of the team's residents constitute the team's state of origin. If residence of players is equal between states, the manager's home state becomes the team's home state.~~

~~S. Qualified (Frozen) Rosters~~

~~6. When a team earns a berth to State Championship, Regional Championship, or National Championship, the team's official roster is set, and the roster is listed as "qualified" (frozen) at the end of the event.~~

~~6. Teams can add up to three additional players to their official online qualified (frozen) rosters.~~

~~6. Additional players cannot be added to any qualified (frozen) or nonqualified (nonfrozen) roster on the start date of the tournament without prior approval of the tournament director. This rule does not apply to leagues.~~

~~6. Team managers can release any player from their qualified (frozen) team's official online roster.~~

~~S. Nations Baseball can approve or deny any roster move by a team on a qualified (frozen) roster.~~

~~S. The team's manager is responsible for the eligibility of the players on the team. Team managers adding ineligible players to a roster are suspended, and the ineligible player is suspended that intentionally or unintentionally add ineligible players to a roster are subject to suspension as are the ineligible players.~~

~~— Teams accept the rosters of their opponents once the home team has made the first preparatory pitch. If there are no preparatory pitches, the rosters are accepted when the first batter steps in the batter's box. Roster protests are not permitted after the game has begun except for age violations. No roster age protests are permitted after the umpire declares that the game has ended.~~

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~~(See Rules III H AAJ. for more information.) Players with a checkmark by their name on the online roster system, indicating that their government issued birth certificate has been validated by the Nations Baseball national office may not be protested for an age violation.~~

- ~~— A tournament director may protest the eligibility of a roster at any time before the event becomes finalized (the awarding of points).~~
- ~~S. — A State Director, Regional Director, National Director or a designee of the state or national office may protest the eligibility of a player or roster at any time including after the conclusion of the event.~~
- ~~— Once a player leaves a qualified (frozen) team, the player cannot return to that team during that season.~~

~~A team cannot add any players once an event has started on the start date of an event in which it is entered.~~

Commented [J1]: This is redundant of rule D.3

~~IV. — PLAYER & TEAM CLASSIFICATION GUIDELINES~~

~~IV. — PLAYER CLASSIFICATION~~

~~PLAYER CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON A NUMERIC GRADING SYSTEM. THE GRADE IS DETERMINED BY ADDING THE AGE LEVEL OF THE TEAM ALONG WITH THE APPROPRIATE CLASSIFICATION (1=METRO, 2=SELECT, 3=ELITE, 4=PREMIER).~~

~~Example: a 12U ~~Select~~Division 3 team would have grade of 14 (Age=12 + 2 (SelectDivision 3). An 8U ~~Elite~~Division 2 team would have a grade of 11 (Age=8 + 3~~

~~THE GRADING SYSTEM CONSISTS OF TWO (2) DIFFERENT GRADES THAT REFLECT A PLAYERS ELIGIBILITY TO PARTICIPATE AT A SPECIFIC LEVEL.~~

~~LAST YEAR GRADE (LY) — THE LY GRADE REFLECTS A PLAYER’S EXPECTED GRADE OF PLAY FOR THE CURRENT SEASON BASED ON THE PLAYERS ROSTER HISTORY FROM LAST SEASON (LAST YEAR). THE LY GRADE IS SET ON AUGUST 1 OF EACH SEASON BY THE NATIONS BASEBALL NATIONAL OFFICE. THIS GRADE WILL NOT CHANGE DURING THE SEASON. THE LY GRADE IS ALSO REFERRED TO AS A PLAYER’S MANDATED LEVEL OF PLAY OR HIS MANDATED GRADE. IT IS THIS GRADE THAT COUNTS TOWARDS ROSTER “EXCEPTIONS”.~~

~~THIS YEAR GRADE (TY) — THE TY GRADE REFLECTS THE MINIMUM GRADE LEVEL THAT A PLAYER CAN PLAY THIS YEAR BASED ON A PLAYERS ROSTER HISTORY FROM BOTH THE CURRENT SEASON AND THE PREVIOUS SEASON. THE TY GRADE IS SET ON AUGUST 1 EACH SEASON BY THE NATIONS BASEBALL NATIONAL OFFICE. AT THE START OF THE SEASON, THE TY GRADE WILL BE ONE LEVEL LOWER THAN~~

~~THE LY GRADE, ALLOWING A PLAYER TO MOVE DOWN 1 GRADE FROM THEIR EXPECTED LEVEL OF PLAY.~~

~~THE TY GRADE MAY GO UP DURING THE SEASON UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, IT WILL NEVER BE LESS THAN 1 GRADE BELOW THE LY GRADE.~~

~~IF A PLAYER IS ADDED TO A NON-QUALIFIED (NON-FROZEN) ROSTER OF A TEAM THAT IS TWO GRADE LEVELS OR MORE HIGHER THAN THE PLAYER'S CURRENT TY GRADE, THE TY GRADE WILL CHANGE TO BECOME 1 GRADE LOWER THAN THE TEAMS GRADE.~~

~~WHEN THE TEAM FOR WHICH A PLAYER APPEARS ON A CURRENT ROSTER BECOMES QUALIFIED (FROZEN) BY COMPETING IN A QUALIFYING EVENT, THE TY GRADE WILL BECOME EQUAL TO GRADE LEVEL OF THE TEAM ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE QUALIFICATION.~~

~~WHEN A PLAYER IS ADDED TO THE ROSTER OF A TEAM THAT HAS ALREADY QUALIFIED, THE PLAYER'S TY GRADE WILL IMMEDIATELY BECOME THE GRADE OF THE TEAM.~~

~~PLAYERS ARE CONSIDERED PLAYERS OF THAT CLASS WHEN THE TEAM FOR WHICH THEY ARE PLAYING QUALIFIES FOR POST-SEASON PLAY. FOR EXAMPLE, A TEAM IS CLASSIFIED AS ELITE GRADE 15 AND QUALIFIES IN AN ELITE A GRADE 15 QUALIFYING TOURNAMENT. AT THAT POINT ALL OF THE PLAYERS CURRENTLY SHOWN ON THAT TEAM'S ROSTER ARE NOW CONSIDERED ELITE GRADE 15 PLAYERS. THEY CAN ONLY PLAY FOR ELITE OR PREMIER GRADE 15 OR HIGHER TEAMS FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE NATIONS BASEBALL SEASON ONCE THEY ARE ON AN ELITE QUALIFIED (FROZEN) ROSTER (AUGUST 1 THRU JULY 31).~~

~~IV. — PLAYERS JOINING AN ALREADY FROZEN ROSTER ARE CONSIDERED PLAYERS OF THAT CLASS IMMEDIATELY UPON BEING PLACED ON THAT ROSTER.~~

~~IV. — IF THEY THOSE PLAYERS EVER LEAVE OR ARE REMOVED FROM AN ELITE A GRADE 15 TEAM, THEY CAN ONLY PARTICIPATE FOR ANOTHER GRADE 15 OR~~

~~HIGHER ELITE OR PREMIER TEAM FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE SEASON (AUGUST 1 THRU JULY 31). IF ANY OF THE PLAYERS EVER BECOME QUALIFIED (FROZEN) ON A PREMIER ROSTER OR ARE ADDED TO A QUALIFIED (FROZEN) PREMIER ROSTER, THEN THEY CAN NO LONGER PLAY AT THE ELITE LEVEL FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE SEASON. IF THE PLAYERS EVER BECOME QUALIFIED (FROZEN) ON A HIGHER GRADE TEAM, THEY CAN NO LONGER PLAY FOR THE GRADE 15 TEAM FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE SEASON.~~

~~IF A TEAM THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS AN ELITE TEAM NEVER QUALIFIES AT THE ELITE LEVEL, THEN THOSE PLAYERS ON THE ROSTER CAN BE PICKED UP BY ANY REGISTERED SELECT TEAM (ONE LEVEL DOWN). NO PLAYER LISTED ON A NONQUALIFIED (NONFROZEN) TEAM IN A PARTICULAR CLASS CAN BE PICKED UP BY A TEAM TWO CLASSES BELOW. FOR EXAMPLE: NO LISTED PREMIER PLAYER CAN BE PICKED UP BY A SELECT TEAM.~~

~~IV. IF A PLAYER DOES NOT QUALIFY AT THE LEVEL HE IS PLAYING, HE MAY BE PICKED UP BY A TEAM ONE LEVEL BELOW AS LONG AS HIS TY GRADE IS NOT HIGHER THAN THE LEVEL OF THE TEAM HE WISHES TO PARTICIPATE ON. (EXAMPLE: A PLAYER HAS A TY GRADE OF 14 AND IS PLAYING ON A NON-QUALIFIED (NON FROZEN) 12 ELITE TEAM (GRADE 15). HE WOULD BE ELIGIBLE TO PLAY AT THE 12 SELECT (GRADE 14) LEVEL. IF HE QUALIFIES AT THE 12 ELITE (GRADE 15) LEVEL, HIS TY GRADE WILL CHANGE TO 15 AND HE WOULD NO LONGER BE ELIGIBLE TO COMPETE BELOW THAT GRADE.)~~

~~PLAYERS THAT ARE PLAYING UP IN AGE CAN GO DOWN A CLASS IN THE NEXT AGE LEVEL. WHEN GOING DOWN AN AGE DIVISION, THE PLAYER MUST PLAY UP ONE CLASS. FOR EXAMPLE, IF A 12 YEAR OLD PLAYER IS LISTED ON A 14 SELECT (GRADE 16) ROSTER, THEN THAT IS THE SAME AS BEING LISTED ON A 12 PREMIER (GRADE 16) ROSTER OR A 13 ELITE (GRADE 16) ROSTER.~~

~~PLAYING CLASSIFICATION CHART FOR TEAMS AND PLAYERS~~

~~V. — THIS IS THE SAME CHART FOR TEAMS PLAYING UP IN THE NEXT AGE LEVEL. FOR NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP PLAY, TEAMS MUST PLAY IN THE SAME CLASS IF THEY PLAY UP AN AGE LEVEL. THIS CHART IS INCLUSIVE OF ALL AGE DIVISIONS.~~

~~V. — PLAYER CLASSIFICATION CHART~~

V. — 7	V. — 8	V. — 9	V. — 10	V. — 11	V. — 12	V. — 13	V. — 14
V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — P REMIER	V. — P REMIER	V. — P REMIER	V. — P REMIER	V. — P REMIER
V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — P REMIER	V. — P REMIER	V. — P REMIER	V. — P REMIER	V. — E LITE
V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — P REMIER	V. — P REMIER	V. — P REMIER	V. — E LITE	V. — S ELECT
V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — P REMIER	V. — P REMIER	V. — E LITE	V. — S ELECT	V. — M ETRO
V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — P REMIER	V. — E LITE	V. — S ELECT	V. — M ETRO	V. —
V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — S ELECT	V. — M ETRO	V. —	V. —

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V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — S E LECT	V. — M ETRO	V. —	V. —	V. —
V. — E LITE	V. — E LITE	V. — S ELECT	V. — M ETRO	V. —	V. —	V. —	V. —
V. — E LITE	V. — S ELECT	V. — M ETRO	V. —	V. —	V. —	V. —	V. —
V. — S ELECT	V. — M ETRO	V. —	V. —	V. —	V. —	V. —	V. —
V. — M ETRO	V. —	V. —	V. —	V. —	V. —	V. —	V. —

~~V. —~~

~~EXAMPLE: 14 SELECT = 13 ELITE = 12 PREMIER.~~

~~V. — FOR EACH AGE DOWN, THE PLAYER GOES UP ONE CLASS. FOR EXAMPLE, 11 SELECT = 10 ELITE. PLAYERS ALWAYS HAVE THE ABILITY TO PLAY IN THEIR CORRECT AGE DIVISION, SO IF THE 12-YEAR-OLD PLAYER IS QUALIFIED (FROZEN) ON A 14 SELECT ROSTER AND THEN WANTS TO GO BACK TO THE 12-YEAR-OLD DIVISION, HE OR SHE CAN DO SO ONLY ON A 12 PREMIER TEAM. IF THE PLAYER IS LISTED ON A 14 SELECT ROSTER THAT IS NOT QUALIFIED, (NONFROZEN) THEN HE OR SHE CAN MOVE ONE CLASS DOWN. (SEE FIGURE 2.)~~

~~STATE DIRECTORS HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO MODIFY THESE GUIDELINES IN THEIR STATE. A STATE DIRECTOR MAY CREATE AND ENFORCE RULES LIMITING TEAMS FROM PLAYING OUTSIDE OF THEIR CLASSIFICATION. A STATE DIRECTOR MAY APPROVE CHANGES TO PLAYER OR TEAM CLASSIFICATIONS TO MAINTAIN COMPETITIVE PLAY AS THEY SEE FIT.~~

~~VI.~~

~~VI. **HINT:** PLAYERS MOVE STRAIGHT ACROSS THE ROWS IF THEY ARE MOVING FROM QUALIFIED QUALIFIED (FROZEN) TEAMS. PLAYERS CAN MOVE DOWN ONE ROW ON THE CHART IF THEY ARE MOVING FROM NONQUALIFIED (NONFROZEN) TEAMS.~~

~~VI. **NOTE:** PLAYERS CAN ONLY PLAY IN AGE DIVISIONS EQUAL TO OR OLDER THAN THEIR OWN THEIR ROSTER AGE.~~

~~VI.~~

~~VII. PLAYER MOVEMENT CHART~~

12	13	14
		Premier
	Premier	Elite
12U Player Qualified at 14 Select Premier	12U Player Qualified at 14 Select Elite ←	← Select
12U Nonqualified Player from 14 Select Team Elite	12U Nonqualified Player from 14 Select Team ← Select	← Metro
Select	Metro	
Metro		

~~VIII.~~

~~USING THE CHART ABOVE, IF THE 12-YEAR-OLD PLAYER PLAYING ON A 14-
SELECT TEAM IS NOT QUALIFIED (FROZEN), THEN THAT PLAYER CAN
MOVE DOWN ONE CLASS (14 METRO) AND THEN MOVING OVER TO THE 12-YEAR-
OLD AGE DIVISION IS 12 ELITE.~~

~~IX. — **IMPORTANT NOTE FOR PLAYERS AGE 6-9**~~

~~AT AGES 6, 7, 8 AND 9 THERE IS NO PREMIERE CLASS. THEREFORE, IF A 7U-9U
SELECT PLAYER PLAYS UP TWO AGE DIVISIONS AND THEN MOVES BACK DOWN TO HIS
OR HER AGE DIVISION, INSTEAD OF BECOMING A PREMIERE CLASS PLAYER, HE OR SHE
WOULD BE AN ELITE PLAYER (BECAUSE THERE IS NO PREMIERE CLASS IN 7U-9U).~~

~~IX. — **FOR EXAMPLE, 10 SELECT = 8 ELITE. SEE FIGURE 1.**~~

~~IX. —~~

~~IX. — **ADDING PLAYERS TO ROSTERS**~~

~~TEAMS CAN ADD NONQUALIFIED (NONFROZEN) PLAYERS TO THEIR ROSTERS THAT
HAVE PLAYED ONE CLASS ABOVE THEIR TEAM CLASS OR LOWER. FOR EXAMPLE, AN
ELITE TEAM NEEDS TO ADD A PLAYER. IT CAN ADD A PLAYER THAT HAS BEEN
LISTED ON A PREMIER ROSTER IN ITS AGE BUT WAS NOT ON THE ROSTER WHEN IT
WAS QUALIFIED (FROZEN) AT ANY TIME DURING THE SEASON. IT CAN
ALSO ADD ANY NONQUALIFIED (NONFROZEN) PLAYER AT THE ELITE, SELECT, OR
METRO LEVEL AT ITS AGE.~~

~~IX. — TEAMS MAY ADD PLAYERS TO THEIR ROSTER WHOSE TY GRADE IS EQUAL TO
OR LESS THAN THE GRADE OF THEIR TEAM. THE TY GRADE IS AUTOMATICALLY
CALCULATED BY THE NATIONS BASEBALL ONLINE ROSTER SYSTEM BASED ON A
PLAYERS ROSTER HISTORY FROM THE CURRENT AND PREVIOUS SEASONS. (SEE
PLAYER CLASSIFICATION ABOVE).~~

~~X. — IF A PLAYER IS ADDED TO A TEAM THAT ALREADY HAS A QUALIFIED QUALIFIED (FROZEN) ROSTER, THEN HE OR SHE BECOMES A PLAYER OF THAT GRADE CLASS FOR THE REST OF THE SEASON.~~

~~X. — A TEAM CAN ALSO ADD A PLAYER THAT IS QUALIFIED QUALIFIED (FROZEN) AT A DIFFERENT AGE DIVISION, BUT THAT PLAYER IS ELIGIBLE TO PLAY WITH THAT TEAM ONLY IF BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA ARE MET:~~

~~X. — HE OR SHE MEETS THE CRITERIA ABOVE FOR PLAYING IN THAT AGE AND CLASS (THE TEAM MUST BE THE SAME GRADE NUMBER).~~

~~X. — HIS OR HER OTHER TEAM IS NOT PLAYING, OR HE OR SHE CHOOSES NOT TO PLAY WITH THAT TEAM ON THAT GIVEN WEEKEND.~~

~~PLAYERS CAN BE QUALIFIED QUALIFIED (FROZEN) ON ONE TEAM PER AGE DIVISION. A PLAYER CANNOT PLAY FOR TWO TEAMS IN THE SAME WEEKEND OR CANNOT PLAY WITH ANOTHER TEAM UNTIL THE TOURNAMENT EVENT THAT HE OR SHE PARTICIPATED WITH ONE TEAM HAS BEEN COMPLETED.~~

X. —

~~X. — **WARNING:** THIS SCENARIO SEEMS TO HAPPEN NUMEROUS TIMES EVERY YEAR. COACHES, THERE IS NO SUCH THING AS A FILL-IN PLAYER OR A PART-TIME PLAYER. DON'T TAKE JOHNNY'S LITTLE BROTHER WHO PLAYS 9U SELECT AND PUT HIM ON YOUR ROSTER TO PLAY RF FOR YOUR 12U SELECT TEAM. HE IS NOW NO LONGER ELIGIBLE TO PLAY AT THE 9U SELECT LEVEL. YOU'RE BETTER OFF NOT PLAYING, OR PLAYING SHORT A PLAYER RATHER THAN PLAYING ANY PLAYER OUT OF CLASS.~~

~~IF THE PLAYER YOU WANT IS QUALIFIED QUALIFIED (FROZEN) IN THE SAME AGE, THEN YOU CANNOT ADD THAT PLAYER TO YOUR ROSTER UNTIL HE OR SHE IS DROPPED FROM THE ROSTER ON WHICH HE OR SHE IS CURRENTLY QUALIFIED QUALIFIED (FROZEN). IF THAT QUALIFIED QUALIFIED (FROZEN) ROSTER IS A CLASS ABOVE YOUR TEAM, YOU CANNOT ADD THAT PLAYER TO YOUR TEAM AT ALL. IF THE PLAYER IS QUALIFIED QUALIFIED (FROZEN) IN ANOTHER AGE DIVISION, THEN YOU CAN ADD THAT PLAYER IF HE OR SHE PASSES THE CLASS RULES ABOVE.~~

~~PLAYING ON A QUALIFIED ROSTER CREATES A COMMITMENT BETWEEN THE TEAM AND THE PLAYER. A TEAM MUST COMMIT TO THE PLAYERS ON THEIR ROSTER AND THEY ARE LIMITED TO A TOTAL OF 3 ROSTER ADDS AFTER THEIR QUALIFICATION DATE. ADDITIONALLY, PLAYERS ON A QUALIFIED ROSTER CANNOT PLAY FOR ANOTHER TEAM FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE SEASON UNLESS THEY ARE RELEASED FROM A TEAMS CURRENT ROSTER BY THE TEAMS MANAGER (ALTHOUGH THIS DOES NOT ALLOW A MANAGER THE AUTHORITY TO HOLD A PLAYER). REMOVING A PLAYER FROM A QUALIFIED ROSTER IS A COMMITMENT FOR THE SEASON, WHEN A PLAYER IS REMOVED FROM A QUALIFIED ROSTER HE CANNOT RETURN TO THAT ROSTER FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE SEASON.~~

~~IN STATES THAT UTILIZE PLAYER CONTRACTS, THE PLAYER WILL BE BOUND TO THE TEAM FOR THE ENTIRE SEASON, REGARDLESS OF ROSTER QUALIFICATION (SUBJECT TO THAT STATE'S GUIDELINES). IN ORDER FOR A PLAYER CONTRACT TO BECOME VALID, IT~~

~~MUST BE SIGNED BY THE TEAMS REGISTERED MANAGER, THE PLAYER'S PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN AND MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE RESPECTIVE STATE DIRECTOR.~~

~~A TEAM MAY BE BETTER SERVED BY PLAYING SHORT OR NOT PLAYING IF YOU DO NOT HAVE ENOUGH PLAYERS AVAILABLE ON YOUR ROSTER. COACHES: DO NOT ADD AND REMOVE PLAYERS FROM YOUR ROSTER JUST TO HAVE ENOUGH TO PLAY 1 WEEKEND. WHEN YOU HAVE USED ALL OF YOUR ROSTER ADDITIONS YOU CAN NO LONGER ADD PLAYERS.~~

~~XI. _____~~

~~XI. STATE QUALIFYING AND STATE CHAMPIONSHIP EVENTS~~

- ~~T. State Directors have the ability to amend rules for their state, if needed, with proper approval from Nations Baseball.~~
- ~~T. The State Director sets guidelines for local qualifying events and state championships.~~

~~XI. REGIONAL & NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP EVENTS~~

- ~~T. Nations Baseball uses pool play for Regional and National Championship events, and then moves into an elimination format to determine the champion.~~
- ~~— Teams must play in the State Championship to advance to a National Championship. The State Director can override this rule with proper approval from Nations Baseball.~~
- ~~T. In states that conduct State Championships, the State Director may allow teams to opt out of participation in the Championship and at their discretion may impose a fee of not more than 50% of the registration cost to teams that choose not to participate.~~
- ~~T. All teams participating in a National Championship event must forward all pertinent information to the National Championship director before entering the event. Teams are required to enter through Teams must register for national events on the Nations Baseball website.~~

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- ~~— Teams participating in a National Championship must finalize their online rosters 72 hours before the start of the first event. No roster changes are allowed within 72 hours of the first event. The Nations Baseball online computer blocks teams from adding players on the start date of the event.~~
- ~~T. Teams that do not qualify for the State Championships or that opt to not play the State Championships (if one is offered), may participate in the Ultimate Open World Series.~~
- ~~T. Teams can participate in a National Championship event one age above their registered age but not below their registered class unless Nations Baseball determines to allow the entire class to participate at that level.~~

~~Example: An 11U Premier team can play up in the 12U Premier National Championship, but cannot play in the 12U Elite National Championship.~~

XIV.III. POOL PLAY AND TIE BREAKER REGULATIONS

The following rules determine which teams advance out of their pools.

- A. Once a tie is broken with three or more teams, teams advance to the next tie breaker rule until the tie is broken.
- B. Tie breakers
 - 1. Win-Loss Record
 - 2. Head to Head ~~(two teams only)~~¹
 - 3. Fewest Runs Allowed
 - 4. Highest Total Run Differential²

Note: This calculation is determined by taking total runs scored minus total runs allowed. The maximum run differential per game is +8 or -8.

5. NationsSpring Klein Baseball Points

6. Coin Flip

¹ Head to head is considered only when two teams are tied. For three or more teams, head to head is skipped in favor of the next tie breakers, in order as above until the tie is broken. If 3 teams are tied and 1 team has defeated both of the other two teams, that team will win the head to head tie breaker.

² The maximum run differential per game is +8 or -8. Total run differential is the sum of each game's differential.

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P. When three or more teams are tied, fewest runs allowed in all pool play games is used in determining all three places. If there is still a three-way tie, the highest run differential is used to determine who advances.

Q. When a three-way tie is broken, and the remaining two teams are tied with runs allowed, the next tie breaker is highest run differential in all games. If the teams are still tied, a coin is flipped.

XVIII. IV. RULES OF THE GAME

Playing rules not covered in the “NationsSpring Klein Baseball Guidelines and Regulations” Internet version on www.nations-baseball.com or www.sksa.com revert to the *National Federation of High School Baseball Rules* Official Rules of Major League Baseball by Triumph Books or the online MLB rules at http://mlb.mlb.com/mlb/official_info/official_rules/foreword.jsp. These rules are on www.nfhs.com. Local and State Directors have the right to adjust rules for local and state play with the approval from Nations Baseball League directors have the authority to make rulings not defined here in the interest of the league.

A. THE PLAYING FIELD

Table 1 describes the recommended mound height, rubber-to-plate, base-to-base, and fence distances for each age division. The rubber-to-plate distance is measured from the rear of home plate to the front of the pitching rubber or coach's pitching plate.

There will be absolutely no practice allowed on the field prior to games that would prevent a game from beginning on time.

There shall be no hitting of baseballs or whiffle balls into any fence.

No hitting of baseballs or whiffle balls from any grass area, including the outfield.

No live batting practice on the field prior to any game.

Scoreboards are provided on fields 1, 3, 5-13. Scoreboards may be operated with the SingleScore app through an Android or iPhone. Controlling the scoreboard is on a first come basis.

Table 1. Recommended playing field dimensions

Age Division	Rubber-to-Plate Distance	Base-to-Base Distance	Mound Height	Recommended Fence Distance
4U	44'	55'	0"	150'
5U	40'	55'	0"	150'
6U	40'	55/60'	0"	180'
7U	40'	60'	0"	180'
8U	40'	60'	0"	180'
9U	46'	65'	4"	200'

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10U	46'	65'	4"	210'
11U	50'	70'	64"	250'
12U	50'	70'	64"	250'
13U-15U Juniors	54'	80'	48"	300'
13U	60 ¹	90 ¹	6 ¹¹	375 ¹
14U	54 ¹	80 ¹	6 ¹¹	300 ¹
14U	60 ¹	90 ¹	6 ¹¹	375 ¹
15U-HS Freshman	60 ¹	90 ¹	6 ¹¹	375 ¹
16U-HS Sophomore	60 ¹	90 ¹	6 ¹¹	375 ¹
17U-HS Junior	60 ¹	90 ¹	6 ¹¹	375 ¹
16U-18U 18U-HS Senior	60'	90'	106"	375'

B. UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT

1. Players must be uniformed with proper baseball attire. It is recommended that the numbers are at least 4" in height on all jerseys. Only the director can make rulings on uniform legality. No one can protest uniforms.
2. All offensive players participating in a NationsSpring Klein Baseball event must wear a double ear flapped helmet while on the playing field. This includes bat boys and bat girls while performing their duties. Youth coaches under 18 years of age must adhere to this standard.
3. If the umpire observes any violation of these rules, he or she directs the violation to be corrected.
4. The catcher must wear a head protector, body protector, protective cup, shin guards, and a mask with a throat protector. The throat protector, which is part of or attached to the mask, must adequately protect him. The helmet must have full ear protection. The head, face, dual ear flaps, and throat protector can be one piece.
5. Age divisions 12U and below cannot wear metal cleats.
6. Bats must be made of an approved material, and they must be smooth and round.
7. Bats must be certified by the manufacturer to meet a Bat Performance Factor of 1.15 or less. Bats must be USSSA, USABat or BBCOR approved bats
8. In Juniors14U bats will be restricted to a -55 ratio or heavier. (The weight of the bat in ounces as compared to it's length in inches, must be no greater than 35).
Bats must be a BBCOR NFHS approved bat, USABat or USSSA BPF 1.15
Weight restrictions are HIGHLY recommended for fall 2010, the restrictions will become mandatory Jan 1, 2011
6. —
- 7.9. For age divisions 1234U and below, there are no bat size restrictions.
10. High school divisions must use NFHS (National Federation of State High School Associations) bat limitations for size, weight and performance.
- 8.11. Penalty - 12U AND BELOW - the bat will be removed from the playing field by the umpire and the manager of the team will be warned against further use. If the illegal bat is discovered after the end of the play, and the play results in the batter/runner safely reaching first base, the batter/runner will be declared out and all runners must return to the last base legally occupied prior to the play. No run may score on this play. Any out that results on the play will stand. On a second offense, the above penalties will apply and the manager of the offending team will be removed from the field and will be prohibited from managing for the remainder of the game.
- 9.12. Penalty - 13U AND ABOVE - A batter using an altered-illegal bat is declared out, and all runners return to the base occupied at the time of the pitch. A batter is deemed to have used or attempted to use an illegal bat if the player brings such a bat into the batter's box. Any out or outs made during the play stand.

C. —

D.C. GAME RULES

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1. Time Limits:
 - a) 5U Tball 5 innings or 1:15
 - b) 6-8U Coach Pitch (including modified coach pitch) 6 innings or 1:15
 - c) 9-12U Player Pitch 6 innings or 1:40
 - d) Juniors (13-15U) 7 innings or 1:40
 - e) Seniors (16-18U) 7 innings or 1:50
2. An inning begins as soon as the 3rd out of the previous half inning is made.
3. Players must play defensively at least every other inning.
- ~~4.4~~ A flip of a coin between the two teams determines the home team for each pool play game. For bracket play games, the highest seed is home team, excluding the championship and "if" game when a coin is flipped to determine the home team. Home and Visitor will be listed in the posted schedule. For all post season tournament bracket games, the higher seeded team will be the home team.
- ~~2.5~~ Roster batting: In all divisions, teams must bat all players that are present.
3. Teams can bat a nine player lineup, a 10 player lineup using an extra hitter (EH), or roster bat all present uniformed players. The lineup must be declared before the start of the game and used the entire game.
 - If a team uses a lineup that contains 10 players, the player in the EH position, while not actually playing a defensive position, is treated as such for substitution purposes.
4. ~~Any team that is not roster batting should declare all eligible substitutes by noting them as such on the official lineup that is exchanged with the opposing team and/or home plate umpire at the beginning of the game. Players not listed as eligible substitutes but appear legally on the online roster will be considered legal substitutes.~~
 - If a team chooses to roster bat, then all players other than the nine defensive position players are extra hitters and can move freely in defensive positions.
5. ~~If a team is batting all present uniformed players, with no eligible substitutes listed on the lineup card, and the number of players is nine or 10, that team is considered to be roster batting for the purposes of defensive substitutions and courtesy runners, unless the coach has specifically declared otherwise at the pregame plate conference. If additional players arrive after the game has started, those players are placed at the end of the batting order. If the coach declares at the pregame plate conference that he is not roster batting, the late players are listed on the lineup as eligible substitutes. (See Rule C.127)~~
6. For teams that are **not** roster batting, refer to NFHS Rule 3, Section 1, Article 3 which states that starting players can withdraw and re-enter once (including designated hitters, for age divisions that allow them), provided that they the players re-enter in their original position in the batting lineup. Nations Baseball Rule IX D 5 on page 16 regarding re-entry of pitchers takes precedence over NFHS Rule 3, Section 1, Article 2.
7. Teams can play an official game with an eight player lineup. If a team plays with an eight player lineup, an out is declared for the ninth position in the batting lineup at each turn at bat. The team is the visiting team.
- ~~8.6~~ Teams ~~age nine and up~~ can start a game with eight players provided they take an out for the ninth player. Teams must have a minimum of eight players to start a

game. If the lineup drops below eight players, the game is declared a suspended game and is not rescheduled. The suspended game is then ruled a forfeit by the tournament or league director. Umpires have no authority to forfeit a game.

~~9-7.~~ Teams having eight players to start a game are automatically the visiting team.

~~10-8.~~ If a team's ninth player arrives late to the game, the manager of that team must make an announcement at the plate conference before the game begins and advise both the plate umpire and the opposing team that he or she has a player that will be arriving late. When the player arrives, the player is announced to both the plate umpire and the opposing team and is placed in the ninth spot position in the batting order. The game resumes as if he or she was there at the start of the game. Until the player arrives, an out is recorded in the ninth position.

~~If roster batting, players arriving after the game has started are added to the bottom of the batting lineup. If batting nine, or ten with an EH, players arriving after the game has started are added to the lineup as legal substitutes as provided in rule 2.C above.~~

~~11-9.~~ If a player is removed from the game for illness or injury there will be no out recorded for his spot in the batting order (subject to rule 39), his place in the lineup will simply be skipped.

~~12-9U and above teams batting nine, ten, or the roster Teams that play with nine players (9U and above) that drop below nine players are subject to the following:~~

~~13- If a team drops below nine players due to illness or injury, no automatic out is recorded.~~

~~14- If a team drops below nine eligible players due to an ejection or any reason other than illness or injury and leaves the game, an automatic out is declared in the batting order position of the player that left the game unless there is an eligible substitute.~~

~~15-10.~~ If a team drops below eight players for any reason, the game is ruled a forfeit by the tournament or league director and is not rescheduled.

~~If a player is ejected from a game for malicious contact or any other unsportsmanlike act, the following penalties will apply:~~

~~11. If roster batting, the ejected player's position in the lineup shall be declared an out~~

~~If batting 9 or 10 with EH, the ejected player may be replaced by an eligible substitute. If there are no eligible substitutes available, the position in the order shall be declared out.~~

~~12. A player that has left the game -for any reason by missing at bat cannot return to the game, except under rule C.102.~~

~~13. Any player, coach, or umpire who is visibly bleeding must leave the field of play to stop the bleeding. When the bleeding has stopped and the injury is bandaged (if necessary), the player may return. No penalty applies to any missed at bats.~~

~~14. Pace of Play – each team will have 2 minutes90 seconds between innings to prepare to start the next inning. The offensive team must have a batter ready to enter the box within 90 seconds2 minutes. The defensive team must have all players in position with the pitcher and catcher ready to deliver a pitch to the offensive batter within 2 minutes90 seconds. The 90 second2 minute clock begins once the 3rd out is recordedfrom the time the last defensive player (not including the pitcher and / or catcher) has left the field of play. PENALTY – if the defense if~~

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not ready, the umpire shall award a ball to the batter and continue to award a ball to the batter every 20 seconds. If the offense is not ready, the umpire shall award a strike to the batter and continue to award a strike every 20 seconds until the batter is in the box ready to hit.

~~16.~~

15.

WARNING - Any manager that does not instruct his players to immediately leave the field of play after the final play, run or out of the inning shall be removed from the field and prohibited from managing for the remainder of the game. Any player that fails to immediately leave the field of play at after the final play, run or out of the inning shall be removed from the field of play and prohibited from participating for the remainder of the game

~~17.~~

~~18. The designated hitter rules below apply to High School divisions 15U and older. There is no designated hitter in ages 14U and below.~~

~~19. A hitter can be designated (not mandatory) for any one starting player and all subsequent substitutes for that player.~~

~~20. A starting defensive player cannot be listed as the designated hitter in the starting lineup.~~

~~21. Failure to declare a designated hitter prior to the game precludes the use of the designated hitter during the game.~~

~~22. The role of the designated hitter is terminated for the remainder of the game when either of the following occurs:~~

~~23. The defensive player or any previous defensive player for whom the designated hitter subsequently bats, pinch hits or pinch runs for the designated hitter.~~

~~24. The designated hitter or any previous designated hitter assumes a defensive position.~~

~~25. A regulation game consists of six innings for age divisions 12U and below and seven innings for age divisions 13U and over, unless the game is shortened due to time limit, mercy rule, or field conditions or extended by extra innings due to tie.~~

~~26. Mercy rules for all six- and seven-inning games include~~

~~27. 15 runs after three innings, or two and one-half innings (if the home team is ahead).~~

~~28. 10 runs after four innings, or three and one-half innings (if the home team is ahead).~~

~~29. 8 runs after five innings, or four and one-half innings (if the home team is ahead).~~

~~30. If the home team has run-ruled the visiting team, the game is declared complete, and the winner is named.~~

~~31.~~ 16. If eligible, a courtesy runner can be used any time for the pitcher or catcher of record only. A courtesy runner is defined as a player not currently active in the lineup. If roster batting, the courtesy runner is the player with last the recorded out. The courtesy runner does not have to be a legal substitute, but must be on the online roster and should be listed on the lineup card. The courtesy runner can only run for one player per inning. If batting 9 or 10, a pinch runner is defined as a LEGAL substitution for any runner other than the pitcher or catcher of record. If roster batting, pinch running is not legal as there are no legal substitutes and all players are in the active lineup.

17. In all live pitch divisions, an intentional walk is granted upon request.

~~32.~~ 18. Any outs-pitches recorded during a game once it that is ruled a forfeit count toward the pitcher's recorded outspitches for both days of rest and daily maximum pitches.

~~33.~~ 19. A legal slide can be either feet first or head first. If a runner slides feet first, at least one leg and buttock must be on the ground. If a runner slides, he or she must slide within the reach of the base with either a hand or a foot. If a runner slides, he or she must slide directly into the bag.

~~34.~~ 20. Runners are never required to slide, but if a runner elects to slide, the slide must be legal.

~~35.21.~~ If a tag play is imminent, the runner should slide or seek to avoid contact.

Jumping over a player is not considered ~~an act of avoidance~~ avoiding contact.

~~36.22.~~ No player can initiate malicious contact. It is the umpire's judgment ~~call~~ that determines whether the contact is malicious.

PENALTY: *The player initiating malicious contact is removed from the game.*

Note: *There can be a collision where both players go head over heels that is not malicious contact. The key for malicious contact is **intent**. Umpires must ask themselves when making the call, "Did the runner deliberately or intentionally run into the fielder to break up the play or cause harm to the fielder?" If the answer is yes, then you have malicious contact, if the answer is no, then it is a clean play and you have nothing. Umpires must be careful when making this call to avoid ejecting players if the intent is not there. Keep in mind that the younger ages are just learning the game, and sometimes there is contact by the runner not sliding and running into the catcher. Remember, the key word is **intent**.*

~~37.23.~~ If a defensive player is obstructing the runner (judgment call by the umpire), contact by the runner is not illegal unless it is malicious.

~~38.24.~~ If a game is called due to weather or other hazardous conditions, it is ruled an official game provided three and one half innings have been completed if the home team is ahead or four innings if the home team is behind for seven-inning games. It is ruled an official game provided two and one half innings have been completed if the home team is ahead or three innings if the home team is behind for six-inning games.

~~39.25.~~ All games stopped by an event official for weather or other reasons before the game is declared official are suspended games.

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~~E.D.~~ PITCHING RULES AND LIMITATIONS

- ~~1. Limitations of pitching are based upon recorded outs while the pitcher is on the mound. Spring Klein Baseball highly recommends that coaches follow Pitch Smart Guidelines as published by Major League Baseball (<https://www.mlb.com/pitch-smart/pitching-guidelines>). No player may pitch in excess of 6 innings per day regardless of the number of pitches thrown. PitchSmart guidelines will be enforced beginning Spring 2023.~~

PITCH COUNT LIMITS AND REQUIRED REST RECOMMENDATIONS

<u>Age</u>	<u>Daily Max (Pitches in Game)</u>	<u>0 Days Rest</u>	<u>1 Days Rest</u>	<u>2 Days Rest</u>	<u>3 Days Rest</u>	<u>4 Days Rest</u>	<u>5 Days Rest</u>
<u>7-8</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1-30</u>	<u>31-45</u>	<u>46+</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>9-10</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>1-30</u>	<u>31-45</u>	<u>46-60</u>	<u>61-70</u>	<u>71+</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>11-12</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>1-30</u>	<u>31-45</u>	<u>46-60</u>	<u>61-75</u>	<u>76+</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>13-14</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>1-30</u>	<u>31-45</u>	<u>46-60</u>	<u>61-75</u>	<u>76+</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>15-16</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>1-30</u>	<u>31-45</u>	<u>46-60</u>	<u>61-75</u>	<u>76+</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>17-18</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>1-30</u>	<u>31-45</u>	<u>46-60</u>	<u>61-80</u>	<u>81+</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>19-22</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>1-30</u>	<u>31-45</u>	<u>46-60</u>	<u>61-80</u>	<u>81-105</u>	<u>106+</u>

- ~~a. In all age groups that are scheduled for six innings, a pitcher cannot pitch more than 18 outs in any given day.~~
- ~~b. In all age groups 16 and younger that are scheduled for seven innings, a pitcher cannot pitch more than 21 outs in any given day.~~

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- ~~e.~~ For six-inning games, a pitcher cannot pitch more than 27 outs in a three-day tournament~~three consecutive days, regardless of game guarantee.~~
- ~~d.~~ For seven-inning 16U and younger games, a pitcher cannot pitch more than 30 outs in a three-day tournament~~three consecutive days, regardless of game guarantee.~~
- ~~e-a.~~ Any pitcher in the 18U or younger divisions that has pitched ~~three-two~~ days in a row must rest the ~~3rd4th~~ day regardless of ~~pitches thrown-outs recorded.~~
- ~~f.~~ In the 17U-18U high school divisions, there are no pitching limitations.
- ~~g-b.~~ Pitching limitations stop for the day when the park is shut down for the night and the teams leave.
- ~~h-c.~~ When games are suspended and continued on a different the next day, pitching limitations are split between the two days.

Comments: ~~Outs-Pitches~~ recorded count for the day they are recorded. When the game resumes from suspension, all ~~outs-pitches~~ recorded count for the current day.

- ~~i-d.~~ In the case of a double or triple play, there is no penalty for exceeding outs recorded ~~at the time of the play.~~ When calculating required rest, if a pitcher begins a batter below the limit to pitch the following day, he may complete the batter with no penalty.

Example: If a 12U pitcher begins a batter at 18 pitches, and finishes that batter at 22 pitches, he may leave the game and still pitch the following day.

- ~~e.~~ When a pitcher reaches his maximum allowed pitches per day, he may complete the batter he is facing, if he began the at bat with less than his maximum allowed pitches
- ~~j-f.~~ It is the duty of each team's manager to protest pitching violations by contacting the event director prior to the start of the next game of the team in possible violation.
- ~~—~~ Any outs recorded during a game once it is ruled a forfeit count toward the pitcher's recorded outs.
- ~~k-g.~~ Pitchers who violate pitching limitations are removedejected from the moundgame. Other penalties, including forfeit, may be imposed by the tournament or league director. A violation of pitching limitations is determined when a pitcher toes the rubber to throw to the next batter after reaching his or her pitching limit. A violation of the pitching limitation is determined when the pitcher has delivered a pitch to the next batter after reaching his pitching limit. If the limit is reached at the end of an inning, it shall be a violation if the pitcher

toes the rubber to begin a new inning. The State, Regional, or National Director may impose additional penalties against any manager for repeated violations of the Pitching regulations. Coaches may receive a warning for violating pitching limits, and subsequent violation during the event may result in the removal of the manager from coaching for the remainder of the event.

40.2. Balks

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Balks

- a. Balks are enforced in 11U and above age divisions without warning. In age divisions 10U and below, balks are not enforced strictly unless a persistent violation of the balk rule occurs.
 - b. ~~Nations~~Spring Klein Baseball uses OBR (MLB) rules for balks. The balk can be a live ball (depending on the situation). The intent is not to penalize the offense.
- ~~41.3.~~ A second trip to the same pitcher in the same inning causes the pitcher's automatic removal from the mound (not the game).
- ~~42.4.~~ When a pitcher takes his or her position at the beginning of each inning, or when he or she relieves another pitcher, he or she is permitted warm-up pitches, not to exceed eight preparatory pitches to the catcher or coach.
- ~~43.5.~~ A pitcher removed from the pitching position cannot return to the pitching position during a game, but can re-enter to any other position.

~~F.E.~~ 8U PLAYER PITCH GUIDELINES AND REGULATIONS

1. There are nine defensive players on the field with three outfielders.
2. 8U player pitch is closed bases.
 - a. There are no lead-offs until the ball crosses the plate.
 - b. No balks are enforced or called.
 - c. Runners must stay on the base when the pitcher is in the pitching position and the catcher is in the catching position. If the runner leaves the base early, the umpire places the runner back on the last base occupied unless the runner was put out. This is not an appealable play. If forced, the runner advances one base ahead of the batter-runner. If the ball is put into play, the defense has the option of taking the play or placing the runner or runners back on base and the batter back in the batter's box.
3. The infield fly rule applies.
4. There is no advancement on dropped third strikes.
5. The runner cannot steal home. The only way the runner can advance from third to home is if batted or forced home.

~~G.F.~~ 6

6U, 7U, & 8U COACH PITCH RULES AND REGULATIONS

1. ~~There are 10 players on defense.~~ A regulation team consists of nine players.
- 6.2. ~~Teams can use either nine or 10 defensive players. One player must play the pitching position, and one player must play the catching position.~~ For teams using 10 defensive players, four players must play outfield positions. There are six infielders: first base, second base, shortstop, third base, catcher, and middle infielder. The middle infielder must be inside the pitching circle no closer to home than the pitching rubber. If teams use 10 defensive players, 4 players must play the outfield positions. Outfielders may not begin a play in the infield and infielders may not begin a play in the outfield. Infielders shall begin a play in the generally accepted starting point for their position. In other words, no "infield shift" may be used by locating 1 or more additional infielders to the left or right of 2nd base. Teams using 4 outfielders must position two outfielders to the left and two outfielders to the right of a line extending from home plate through 2nd base to the outfield fence.
- 7.3. Teams must have a minimum of eight players to start and finish a game but must take an out for the ninth player. If the lineup drops below eight players, the game is declared a suspended game and is not rescheduled. The suspended game is then ruled a forfeit by the tournament or league director. Umpires have no authority to forfeit a game.
- 8.4. There is an optional 30-foot safety arc from the back tip of home plate and from the first-base line to the third-base line. If the 30-foot safety arc is not present, fielders must remain behind a line 3 ft in front of the pitching rubber, extending from the 1st base to 3rd base lines
- 9.5. Fielders must stay beyond the arc until the ball is hit.
- 10.6. There is a pitching plate 40 feet from the tip of home plate from which the coach must pitch. The coach must be in contact with the pitching rubber at the time of release of the pitch. The coach must deliver overhand from a standing position
- 11.7. ~~There is a circle drawn with a 10' diameter with the pitching rubber in the middle.~~ The pitchers circle shall be at least 12' feet in diameter and no more than 18' in diameter with the pitching rubber in the center This is a safety area for the player in the pitching position. The defensive player listed as the pitcher cannot leave the pitching circle until the ball is hit. If the pitcher leaves the circle early, the play continues. After the play has ended, the offensive team has the option of taking the result of the play or accepting a no-pitch and ruling of the play as over. If this occurs a second time by the same pitcher, that player is removed from the pitching position for the remainder of that inning. If it occurs any time after that by the same player, then he or she is removed from the pitching mound the remainder of the game.
- 12.8. Each batter is allowed six pitches or three strikes. If a batter hits a foul ball on the sixth pitch, he or she is allowed to continue batting until he or she either does not make contact with the ball or puts the ball in play.
- 13.9. There are a maximum of seven runs or three outs per inning. In Metro League games, there are a maximum of 5 runs or three outs per inning.

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~~14.10.~~ A fair batted ball hitting a coach pitcher is declared a foul ball if the umpire rules that the coach pitcher's contact with the ball was unintentional. If, in the umpire's judgment, a coach pitcher intentionally makes contact with a batted ball, or if the coach pitcher catches the ball, the batter is out, and no runner can advance.

~~15.11.~~ Umpires call time after every play and declare the ball dead. Time should be called as soon as all three of the following occur:

- a. The lead runner stops attempting to advance.
- b. The ball is in the possession of a fielder in the infield.
- c. No defensive play is imminent.

Time does not have to be called by the defense for the purpose of this rule.

~~16.12.~~ All teams must roster bat for all games.

~~17. Teams can use either nine or 10 defensive players. One player must be a pitcher, and one player must be a catcher.~~

~~18. Teams must have a minimum of eight players to start and finish a game but must take an out for the ninth player. With number less than eight the game is declared a suspended game and is not rescheduled. The suspended game is then ruled a forfeit by the tournament or league director. Umpires have no authority to forfeit a game.~~

~~19.13.~~ Because teams are roster batting, there is free substitution on defense. The batting order must remain the same.

~~20.14.~~ The catcher must be located in the catcher's box, no more than four feet behind home plate. The catcher must be in the catching position and provide a target for the coach pitcher to deliver a pitch. Use of a catcher mitt is not mandatory but is highly recommended. A catcher must be legally and properly equipped to play the catching position. This includes a helmet with full ear and back of head protection, a face mask, chest protector, shin guards and groin protection. It is the manager's responsibility to ensure that any player in the catching position is legally and properly equipped.

~~21.15.~~ There are no

- ❖ Base on balls
- ❖ Base awards for hit by pitcher
- ❖ Infield fly rule
- ❖ Base stealing
- ❖ Bunting (players must take a full swing)
- ❖ Intentional walks

~~22.16.~~ If a player bunts or takes a half-swing, it is a foul ball. The batter must take a full swing.

- ~~23.~~17. Runners cannot leave their bases until the pitched ball crosses the front edge of home—plate. A runner who leaves early is declared out, and the pitch is declared a no pitch. This is an appeal play
- ~~24.~~18. A coach pitcher is prohibited from coaching while in the pitching position either physically or verbally. This includes any physical or verbal communication to the batter, any runner or any other coach. If in the umpire's judgement, the coach-pitcher is attempting to communicate while in the pitching position, he shall receive 1 warning and any subsequent infraction will result in him being removed as the pitcher for the remainder of the game.
19. Courtesy runners are allowed for the catcher only and is mandatory with 2 outs.
20. Bats marked for T-Ball use are not legal for use in any coach pitch game. Penalty – the bat will be removed from the playing field by the umpire and the manager of the team will be warned against further use. If the illegal bat is discovered after the end of the play, and the play results in the batter/runner safely reaching first base, the batter/runner will be declared out and all runners must return to the last base legally occupied prior to the play. No run may score on this play. Any out that results on the play will stand. On a second offense, the above penalties will apply and the manager of the offending team will be removed from the field and will be prohibited from managing for the remainder of the game
- The coach pitcher must immediately leave the playing field was the ball is batted into fair territory. The coach pitcher must leave in the opposite direction of which the ball was batted. Failure of the coach pitcher to leave the field of play may result in a call of interference in the judgement of the umpire.

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~~25.~~

~~26.~~ 6U, 7U, & 8U Machine Pitch Rules and Regulations

~~27.~~ There is a 30-foot safety arc from the back tip of home plate and from the first base line to the third base line.

~~28.~~ The front of the pitching machine is set at forty-six feet in a straight line directly toward second base.

~~29.~~ There is a box that extends five feet to either side of the pitching machine and five feet behind the pitching machine. There is a five-foot mark drawn on either side of the pitching machine toward first base and third base. This mark is considered a safety mark for the player playing the pitching position. The player playing this position is not able to cross this mark until the ball is batted.

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30. Pitching Machine Speed Recommendations:

~~31. 6U & 7U — 34-38 MPH~~

~~32. 8U — 40-44 MPH~~

~~33. Each batter is allowed six pitches or three strikes. If a batter hits a foul ball on the sixth pitch, he or she is allowed to continue batting until he or she does not make contact with the ball or puts the ball in play.~~

~~34. There are a maximum of seven runs or three outs per inning.~~

~~35. A fair batted ball hitting the pitching machine is declared a dead ball and ruled a single. All runners advance one base from their original position.~~

~~36. Umpires call time after every play and declare the ball dead. Time should be called as soon as all three of the following occur:~~

~~37. The lead runner stops attempting to advance.~~

~~38. The ball is in the possession of a fielder in the infield.~~

~~39. No defensive play is imminent.~~

~~40. Time does not have to be called by the defense for the purpose of this rule.~~

~~— All teams must roster bat.~~

~~— A regulation team consists of nine players.~~

~~— Teams can use either nine or 10 defensive players. One player must play the pitching position, and one player must play the catching position. For teams using 10 defensive players, four players must play outfield positions.~~

~~— Teams must have a minimum of eight players to start and finish a game but must take an out for the ninth player. If the lineup drops below eight players, the game is declared a suspended game and is not rescheduled. The suspended game is then ruled a forfeit by the tournament or league director. Umpires have no authority to forfeit a game.~~

~~41. for all games and use 10 defensive players. Teams can begin a game with nine players, but one player must be a pitcher. The team takes an out for the 10th spot until a 10th player arrives.~~

~~42. Because teams are roster batting, there is free substitution on defense. The batting order must remain the same.~~

~~43. The catcher must be located in the catcher's box, no more than four feet behind home plate.~~

~~44. There are a maximum of seven runs per inning or three outs.~~

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- 45. There are no
- 46. Base on balls
- 47. Infield fly rule
- 48. Base stealing
- 49. Intentional walks
- 50. ~~Runners cannot leave their bases until the pitched ball crosses the front edge of home plate. A runner who leaves early is declared out, and the pitch is declared a no pitch.~~
- 51. ~~Courtesy runners are allowed for the catcher only.~~
- 52-21. ~~A team can bunt once in an inning.~~

H.G. 4U, 5U, & 6U T-BALL RULES & REGULATIONS

- 1. There are six infielders: first base, second base, shortstop, third base, catcher, and middle infielder (pitcher's position in most games). The middle infielder must be inside the pitching circle, no closer to home plate than the pitching rubber. There are four outfielders who must stay in the outfield area. The pitchers circle shall be at least 12' feet in diameter and no more than 18' in diameter. Infielders must be stationed in the generally accepted starting point for their position. A line shall be drawn perpendicular to the foul line from 1st and 3rd base beginning 5 feet from the front of the base and intersecting at a point in front of 2nd base 63 feet, 7 inches from the tip of home plate. No infielder shall begin the play in front of this line.
- ~~4-2.~~ Teams are not required to play with a catcher, however teams choosing to not field a catcher may only play with 9 defensive players as stated above. They may not field a 10th player in a different position. The catcher must be positioned behind home plate, but may play any distance away from the plate, including behind a coach.
- ~~2-3.~~ All teams must have nine players to start a game. A team can finish with eight players due to injuries.
- ~~3.~~ There are five innings.
- 4. ~~There is a 15-foot fair ball arc from the back tip of home plate and from the first-base line to the third-base line. A ball must be hit to the grass area in front of the home plate cutout to be consider fair. Any ball that does not leave the dirt circle is a foul ball.~~
- 5. There is a 30-foot safety arc from the back tip of home plate and from the first-base line to the third-base line.
- 6. All teams must roster bat for all games and may use 10 defensive players as defined in F.2H.4. Teams can begin a game with nine players, but one player must be a pitcher. ~~The team must take an out for the 10th spot until a 10th player arrives.~~
- 7. Because teams are roster batting, there is free substitution on defense. The batting order must remain the same.
- 8. There are a maximum of ~~seven~~ five runs per inning or three outs.
- 9. There are no
 - ❖ Infield fly rule

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- ❖ Base stealing
 - ❖ Bunting (players must take a full swing)
 - ❖ Intentional walks
10. A base runner is out for leaving the base before the ball is hit. This does not need to be an appeal play. If the umpire determines that the base runner left early, they shall be called out. Stealing is not allowed, and there are no lead offs.
 11. One defensive coach is allowed in the outfield and must coach from that area (2 outfield coaches will be allowed in 4U and 5U). Defensive coaches cannot enter the infield at any time unless approved by the umpire or for an injury.
 12. If a player bunts or takes a half-swing, it is a foul ball. If a batter accidentally knocks the ball off the tee he will be warned. An additional offense will be recorded as a swing.
 13. Umpires call time after each play. Players can ask for time, which should be called as soon as the lead runner stops attempting to advance or all runners have stopped. Time does not have to be called by the participants. Players in control of the baseball can ask for time. In 4U and 5U, a ball thrown to the pitcher's circle shall be considered to be controlled by the pitcher and the umpire should call time as soon as the ball reaches the pitching circle. Any runner more than half way to the next base, shall be awarded that base, any runner not advancing at least half way, shall be returned to the previous base. If there is more than 1 base runner, the preceding runner shall have priority. A preceding runner that has not yet reached half way, cannot be forced to advance to the next base by the trailing runner, even if the trailing is more than half. In this case, the trailing runner shall be returned to his previous base.
 14. On an overthrow, a batter or runner can try to advance only one base. The defense can try to record an out against the runner or batter trying to advance on the overthrow. In the event of a double overthrow, the ball is declared dead by the umpire, and one base is awarded to the runner or batter. A Batter-Runner may not advance to home on an overthrow, he/she must stop at 3rd base. Preceding runners may be forced to advance by the base award to the runner on which the defensive play was attempted.
 15. The center of the pitching area is ~~44-~~ 40 feet from the back point of home plate. The defensive player listed as pitcher cannot leave the pitching area until the ball is hit. It is recommended to draw a 10-foot diagonal line from first to third for the player pitcher to assume his or her defensive position.
 16. A batter is awarded ~~four-~~ three swings to hit the ball fair or put it in play, or the batter is declared out.
 17. Courtesy runners are allowed for the catcher of record only. A courtesy runner is mandatory with 2 outs.
 18. If a thrown ball hits a defensive coach, play continues.
 19. Players cannot intentionally roll the baseball when a play is being made; the ball must be thrown (it may not be "handed off") to a defensive player. The pitcher may not make an unassisted out at 1st base on the batter-runner, including a tag play. The pitcher must throw the ball to another defensive player.

20. In 4U and 5U, the outfielders may run into the infield to make a play. In 6U, the outfielders must throw the ball to an infielder to make a play.
- ~~19.~~ In tournament play, if the game is tied at the end of 5 innings with time left in regulation, the game shall continue for two additional innings under normal playing rules. If the game remains tied after 7 innings, the last recorded out shall be placed as a runner on 2nd base and play will begin with two outs and will continue until time expires or a winner has been declared.
- 21.

H. 6U MODIFIED COACH PITCH REGULATIONS [OPTIONAL]

1. 6U Modified Coach Pitch plays using the 6U, 7U & 8U Coach Pitch rules with the following modifications.
2. A pitching rubber shall be placed 36 feet from the point of home plate
3. The coach pitcher MUST be in contact with the pitching rubber at the time of release of the pitch. The coach must deliver the pitch overhand while standing.
4. Outfielders must throw the ball into the infield to make a play. Outfielders may not run into the infield to record a force or tag out.
5. The batter will receive 4 pitches from the Coach Pitcher to bat the ball into play. After 4 pitches, the player will have the option to receive 1 additional pitched ball or 1 swing from a "T". If the batter fails to put the ball legally into play, he shall be declared out. If hitting from the "T", the ball must pass the 15' arc around home plate. If the batter elects to hit from the "T" any ball not legally batted into fair territory will result in the batter being declared out. If the batter fouls off the 1 additional pitch from the coach pitcher, he or she is allowed to continue batting until he or she either does not make contact with the ball or puts the ball in play. Once electing to receive an addition pitch from the coach pitcher, the batter may not then choose to take 1 swing from a "T", even if they have fouled off additional pitches.
6. In tournament play, if the game is tied at the end of ~~65~~ innings with time left in regulation, the game shall continue for two additional innings under normal playing rules. If the game remains tied after ~~87~~ innings, the last recorded out shall be placed as a runner on 2nd base and play will begin with two outs and will continue until time expires or a winner has been declared.
7. A base runner is out for leaving the base before the ball is hit. This does not need to be an appeal play. If the umpire determines that the base runner left early, they shall be called out. Stealing is not allowed, and there are no lead offs.
8. One defensive coach is allowed in the outfield and must coach from that area. Defensive coaches cannot enter the infield at any time unless approved by the umpire or for an injury.
9. On an overthrow, a batter or runner can try to advance only one base. The defense can try to record an out against the runner or batter trying to advance on the overthrow. In the event of a double overthrow, the ball is declared dead by the umpire, and one base is awarded to the runner or batter. A Batter-Runner may not advance to home on an overthrow, he/she must stop at 3rd base. Preceding

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runners may be forced to advance by the base award to the runner on which the defensive play was attempted.

10. Players cannot intentionally roll the baseball when a play is being made: the ball must be thrown to a defensive player. The pitcher may not make an unassisted out at 1st base on the batter-runner, including a tag play. The pitcher must throw the ball to another defensive player.

I. 9U MODIFIED STEALING RULES AND REGULATIONS [OPTIONAL]

States and tournaments can adopt the following regulations if they so choose.

1. Follow all NationsSpring Klein Baseball rules apply **except** for base stealing.
2. Bases remain at 65 feet.
3. There is a 10-foot mark placed off first, second, and third base.
4. The runner can take a lead, but cannot cross the 10 foot mark until the ball crosses the plate.
5. The runner is allowed to steal when the ball crosses the plate.
6. If runner gets a **running start** in an attempt to steal **before** the ball crosses the plate:
 - a. The runner is placed back on the base,
 - b. If the runner is put out on the play, the runner is out.
 - c. If the ball is put in play, the runner is only allowed a base if forced up by the batter/runner.
 - d. If it is a passed ball or wild pitch, the runner does not have to return.
7. If the pitcher attempts a pick-off, the runner can advance to the next base on the play.

The purpose of modified stealing is to

- ❖ *Help the young pitcher gain confidence in attempting to learn how to hold runners on base.*
- ❖ *Help the catcher gain confidence in being able to throw the runner out. The runner still has to go 65 feet to get to the next base.*
- ❖ *Help the base runner learn how to take a lead.*
- ❖ *Keeps the game from becoming a track meet while teaching young players the basics of stealing and pitching.*

J. METRO LEAGUE RULES AND REGULATIONS

1. The Metro league represents the entry-level, neighborhood, traditional league-based program.
2. Metro league participants must be registered with NationsSpring Klein Baseball.
- ~~3. Only registered Metro leagues can register Metro teams.~~
- ~~4.3.~~ Leagues must have an approved assigning system for players to be placed on teams for league play.
- ~~5.4.~~ A league schedule must consist of at least eight games.
- ~~6.5.~~ There can be a Metro League State Championship. The Metro League State Championship consists of local metro teams selected by your local representative. For this Metro League State Championship, you can add up to three players from other local metro teams in the same league.
- ~~7.6.~~ All teams are eligible to play in the Metro League Regional Championship.
- ~~8. Teams are eligible to advance to the Metro League National Championship after playing in the Metro League Regional Championship~~
- ~~9. Teams must post rosters by April 1 to play in the Metro League post season.~~
~~— A player cannot play in the Metro League post season if he or she is frozen on a Select team or higher or appears on the roster of a Select team or higher on or after April 1.~~
- ~~7.~~ There is a ~~seven~~ seven five run maximum per half inning.
- ~~8.~~ Mathematical elimination applies. Mathematical elimination is when one team can no longer score enough runs in their remaining at bats to tie or take the league the game. The game shall end immediately, even if the team has not completed their at bat. The score shall be recorded at the time the game ends and will not revert to a previous inning.
- ~~9.~~ 5 inning games – Home team leading by 11 in bottom of 3rd or 6 in bottom of 4th inning; visiting team leading by 11 in top of 4th inning or 6 in top of 5th
- ~~10.~~ 6 inning games – Home team leading by 11 in bottom of 4th or 6 in bottom of 5th. Visiting team leading by 16 in top of 4th, 11 in top of 5th or 6 in top of 6th
- ~~11.~~ When time expires, there will be no additional innings played, this may reduce the number of at bats available to a team and may cause the game to end immediately if one team can no longer tie the game
- ~~12.~~ If a half inning ends with ~~seven~~ five runs before three outs are recorded, the pitcher of record is charged with the remaining outs so that the total outs recorded for the inning equals three. (This rule will be eliminated when PitchSmart is enforced)
- ~~13.~~ All divisions must roster bat.
- ~~14.~~ 89U and below divisions play closed bases, a runner may not steal if the ball has not been batted into play. 9U will play tight bases, runner may steal once the ball crosses the plate. Runners may not “steal” home, a runner that is at 3rd base at the time of the pitch may not advance to home unless a) the ball is batted in play, b) the defensive team makes an attempt to retire the runner at 3rd, or c) the runner is

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forced to score due to a base award that forces the runner to advance. Runners may lead off 3rd after the ball crosses the plate, however, if in the umpires judgement, the runner's action replicate a steal or fake steal, the runner will be called out and the 3rd base coach will receive a warning. Subsequent violations will cause the 3rd base coach to be removed for the remainder of the game. Batters may not advance on a dropped 3rd strike, they are out.

15. 10U and above divisions play open basesBalks are not enforced in the 9U division.

16. Balks are not enforced in the 9U division10U and above divisions play open bases.

17. In the 10U division, one balk warning is given to each pitcher. Subsequent balks are enforced.

18. In the 11U and above divisions, balks are enforced with no warnings.

19. A courtesy runner is allowed for the pitcher and/or catcher of record using the last recorded out. It is mandatory to use a courtesy runner for the catcher with two outs

20. A catcher's mitt is mandatory equipment in 9U and above.

21. Any manager ejected from a game will receive a suspension equal to the remainder of that game and the next immediate game. Any manager that is ejected after the end of the game, will receive a suspension equal to the following three (3) games.

K. —

L.K. METRO LEAGUE ALL STAR RULES AND REGULATIONS

1. Metro League All Star participants must have their All Star teams registered with NationsSpring Klein Baseball.
2. Each league must have an approved assigning system for players to be placed on a Metro League All Star team.
3. All Star teams must come from Metro leagues.
4. Players who play on ~~Select~~Division 3, ~~Elite~~Division 2, and ~~Premier~~Division 1 Teams are eligible to play on a Metro League All Star team provided they play in the league with approval by the league director and comply with rule ~~KKLK~~.
5. Players in the American League All Star division must be registered in a Metro league but can be players of any class.
- ~~6.~~ Players in the National League All Star division must be registered in a Metro league and be classed as Metro players.
- ~~7.~~ There can be a Metro League All Star State Championship. This State Championship consists of local All Star metro teams selected by your local representative.
- ~~6.~~
- ~~8.~~ Teams are eligible to advance to the Metro League All Star National Championship.
- ~~7.~~

XIX.V. OFFICIALS

All officials must be registered with NationsSpring Klein Baseball.

~~September 15, 2025May 11, 2023July 23, 2018August 13, 2011July 14, 2010October 23, 2009~~

XX.VI. GUIDELINES FOR PARTICIPANTS

The umpires handle unsportsmanlike conduct if the unsportsmanlike conduct is on the field of play. If an umpire has a problem with a fan or parent, the umpire should see the manager of the offending team and have the manager handle the situation. If the manager fails to handle the situation, ~~then the umpire addresses the tournament official~~ the umpire may remove the manager from the remainder of game and may require the manager to remove the offending fan and parent at the same time.

Use of tobacco, alcohol, "vaping" may not be used within the confines of any baseball field or with 15 feet of any playing field. Offending individuals will be asked to stop and subsequent offenses may cause removal from the park. Any individual found to be consuming or under the influence of alcohol or any illegal substance will be removed immediately from the playing field. If SKSA suspects that a child may be put in danger if they are traveling with the individual, SKSA may require the individual to have someone drive them home and the individual will not be allowed to leave the premises behind the wheel of a vehicle. SKSA may use public law enforcement if necessary to prevent any child from being put in danger.

NationsSpring Klein Baseball expresses the need for sportsmanship before, during, and after all events.

XXI.VII. GUIDELINES FOR PROTEST

~~If a team protests, the manager must notify the home plate umpire, and the umpire summons the tournament director to the field to address the protest. The protest fee is \$100 in cash. The fee is returned if the protest is ruled in favor of the protesting team. Judgment calls cannot be protested~~ Only calls that involve a misapplication of a rule may be protested. Calls involving the judgment of the umpire are not subject to protest.

Only the Head Coach may submit a protest. If the Head Coach feels that there has been a misapplication of a rule a protest must be filed in writing within 24 hours of the end of the game. The Head Coach should submit a detailed explanation of what happened, what play and rule he is protesting, how he feels that the rule was misapplied along with any supporting documentation such as video. The protest must include the names of the teams playing, field location, date and time.

Protests must be submitted to the following by email President – Baseball (baseball@sksa.com), Age Group- (vp.58@sksa.com or vp.914@sksa.com); Executive Director (executive.director@sksa.com); Umpire in Chief (umpires@sksa.com). There is a \$100 fee that must be paid prior to the protest being ruled on. The fee may be paid to the main concession stand at Rothwood or in the Board Room. If the protest is upheld, the fee will be returned to the Head Coach.

The Protest committee will review all information submitted, and at their sole discretion may interview other participants, bystanders, umpires or other board members. The ruling of the Protest Committee is final.

~~XXII-VIII.~~ GUIDELINES FOR EJECTIONS

- A. When a manager, player, coach, or trainer is ejected from the game, he or she can take no further part of that game.
- B. Depending on the conduct of the manager, player, or coach, additional penalties can occur. The ~~tournament official~~Executive Director ~~in consultation with the President – Baseball will~~ assesses the length of the suspension following the ejection based upon the incidents of the ejection.

~~Nations~~Spring Klein Baseball expresses good sportsmanship first and foremost.

XXIV-IX. GUIDELINES FOR SUSPENSION AND DISMISSAL

- A. Any member of NationsSpring Klein Baseball behaving in an unsportsmanlike manner can be subject to dismissal or suspension.
- B. Any verbal or physical attack on any NationsSpring Klein Baseball participant or member during a NationsSpring Klein Baseball event or following a NationsSpring Klein Baseball event can result in suspension or dismissal.
- C. Any player of NationsSpring Klein Baseball receiving compensation for playing in any NationsSpring Klein Baseball event is subject to suspension or dismissal.
- D. Any player competing under an assumed name or illegal birth certificate or ID card could result in suspension or permanent dismissal. This rule also applies to coaches and managers who have previous knowledge of such infraction.
- E. Submitting an insufficient check to an event director or league official can result in suspension or dismissal of the team if payment cannot be settled within a reasonable time frame.
- F. Any suspended member of NationsSpring Klein Baseball is not allowed to participate in any NationsSpring Klein Baseball event until such suspension is lifted. This rule applies to players, umpires, coaches, and directors.
- G. All records of suspension must be submitted to all parties involved including NationsSpring Klein Baseball in a timely manner.
- H. All suspended or dismissed parties have the right to present evidence and information on the reported infraction on their behalf within 7 days of notification of the suspension or dismissal. This evidence must be reviewed within thirty days by NationsSpring Klein Baseball.